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Palestínian team meets Christopher

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AFP) — A Palestinian delegation warned Monday after meeting U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher that autonomy could fail if Israel does not improve the sinuation on the ground. Just two days before an agreement to launch autonomy is due to be signed, delegation head Faisal Husseini said the Palestinians were "not satisfied at all." Mr. Hussein said: "We are concerned about the Israeli implementation on the ground, especially about the isolation of Jerusalem. "We have made it clear if such a policy goes on, it can be the element which can kill such an opportunity to implement autonomy. Mr. Husseini stressed that an agreement suitable to the Palestinians was paramount, not the leading of the Palestinians was paramount. deadline for signing it. Among the nine delegates at the meeting in the U.S. consulate in East-Jerusalem were the head of the Palestinian delegation to the bilateral Middle East peace talks, Saeb Erakat, and former spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi.



جوردان تايمز يوفية سياسية فينغي بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية ،ااراي،

AMMAN TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1994, THU AL QE'DEH 22, 1414

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Trused before de before De Klerk concedes defeat to the man he freed after 27 years in jail

JOHANNESBURG (Agencies) — African National Congress (ANC) leader Nelson Mandela claimed victory Monday in South Africa's national election. "This is indeed a joyous night," he said, eight days before he was due to be inaugurated as the country's first black president.

Two and one-half hours after President F.W. de Klerk conceded defeat, Mr. Mandela stood before an ecstatic crowd in a ballroom draped in ANC colours to accept the reward of a life spent fighting apartheid.

"This is your victory too," Mr. Mandela said. "You helped end apartheid." With an estimated 42 per cent of the votes counted, the ANC had 62.1 per cent of the tally to 24 per cent for Mr. De Klerk's National Party. The Zulu nationalist Inkatha Freedom Party (IFP) was a distant

third at 6.3 per cent, followed our satisfaction by the white, pro-apartheid he longest sent- Freedom Front at 2.9 per cent. The ANC was projected to s imposed in a win around 240 seats in the ind," the judge new 400 seat parliament. based on Mr. Mandela's overwhelming popularity among the black majority.

His speech, and that of Mr. De Klerk, marked the end of a remarkable era that began with Mr. Mandela's release from prison in February 1990 and culminated last week when the country's black majority voted Tuesday-Friday in the first democratic election.

About 300 people, many of them weeping, watched Mr. De Klerk as he conceded the end of his presidency at National Party headquarters in Pretoria.

It was all over for white rule just after 6 p.m. (1600 GMT) when Mr. De Klerk strode through cheering supporters, his wife Marike at his side, and flanked by his white cabinet

Referring to the reconciliation government of National Unity which Mr. Mandela will set up after his inauguration of May 10, Mr. De Klerk said: "Next Tuesday I shall lay down my responsibilities as state president... I shall be handing

over the presidency to Mr. Mandela, but I shall not be "I shall be surrendering

power — not to the majority of the moment but to the South African people.' Mr. De Klerk, who set in

train apartheid reforms that led to this moment, choked when he mentioned the support of his wife through his often trying reformist years, and his voice cracked again when he ended his speech.

He closed with the words 'God bless South Africa" and "Nkosi Sikilel I"Afrika" – God bless Africa in the words of the black liberation anthem, words rarely uttered by a white

"Mr. Mandela has walked a long road and now stands at the top of the hill," he said of the ANC leader, who spent 27 years in prison for opposing the policies imposed by Mr. De Klerk's party. "I hold out my hand to Mr. Mandela in

(Continued on page 2)

Israel, PLO 'geared up' ove after both ange operations to sign self-rule deal to Queen Eli-

under their new CAIRO (Agencies) — Israel ritish newspaper and the Palestine Liberation Although they Organisation (PLO) moved close to final agreement on the Palestinian self-rule deal on Monday as time ticked away to Wednesday's scheduled signing by Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat.

The autonomy accord for the occupied Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho would "give the Palestinian people for the first time the right to have a hand in its own destiny on its territory." Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat

the Egyptian press said. are due here Tuesday to tackle the thorny questions of the size

See page 5 for text of draft accord

Chief PLO negotiator Nabil Shaath told a news conference: We finished all legal aspects. the drafting of the agreement is almost finished. There is only one paper left on security, which will be discussed this evening" on the extent of Palestinian territorial waters. He said he was "confident mer, as is const that we are at the gate of a major achievement for our

of the autonomous area of Jericho and the presence of a Palestinian policeman on the King Hussein Bridge linking Jordan and the West Bank, as well as any last-minute hitches.

Dr. Shaath said the 9,000strong Palestinian police force was "ready to go" moving into the areas to replace Israeli troops, as the PLO had received "detailed news about the Israeli withdrawal."

Egypt was preparing to welcome 2,500 guests including foreign ministers from 35 countries to attend the signing ceremony scheduled for 11:00 a.m. (0800 GMT) on Wednesday in a Chinese-built conference centre in a northeast suburb,

Mr. Arafat told the press the two sides had agreed to sign the deal on May 4, because it is the birthday of Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and they wanted to honour his efforts in bringing about the accord.

Jibril Al Rujoub, an advisor to Mr. Arafat on the occupied territories, said Israel would free 1,000 Palestinian prisoners and let home 40 to 50 deportees on the day of the signing.

The prisoners will be the first of 5,000 Israel has agreed to release in the first two weeks

(Continued on page 2)

seek only that we there in sincerity. Unemployment jump me as his wife. feared in occupied lands

through all the WASHINGTON (AFP) — A massive jump in Palestinian unemployment could hit the , the states, see Occupied territories during as an eight-year transition to autonomy and from his life 25.8 at we want is to Interest to stability, the

ome out into the nisation (ILO) said. In a report released Monday, the U.N. organisation said the job crisis could jeopardise peace in the region unless

orgent measures are taken. The ILO said unemployment already stands at 25 per cent in the territories overall. 1) — A London including 41 per cent in the a "cold, calculate Gaza Strip

rous" woman to Suip.

ter she tied her even if temporarent, ter sne ueu as even if temporary, could be a by inside a plastic crucial factor. by inside a plasse crucial factor working against to die in rubbish péace and stabilitating against to die in rupped péace and stability during the transition."

only because a transition," the report said.

The territories have a population of roughly two million, half of whom are 15 years was told. The old or less. The labour force of could not be stands at 310,000 or 34 per cent she just wanted stands at 310,000 or 34 per cent and quiet. she just wanted of the adult population. Up to and quiet. 35 per cent of the labour force jescribed her 35 has found amplications.

sound and very report said. and dangerous, territories have to generate in Crown count 12,500 new jobs annually just to keep pace with the 4.5 per cent yearly population growth rate. The figures do not account for an estimated 500,000 Palestinians expected to return by the end of the century.

The report warned against "a sudden interruption of the level of unemployment relief currently provided by the unemployment relief work programme carried out under the the auspices of the civil administration (the Israeli author-

The ILO said a cutoff of such benefits "would be detrimental to the social stability required to facilitate a smooth transition to a Palestinian authority."

The group called for an emergency job training programme to increase the skills of former political prisoners, covering at least 12,000 of the neediest.

In addition, it called for a small-enterprise development programme and the establishment of a department of labour and social affairs in the terri-

The report underscored the strong dependence of the terri-

Doha talks open today

DOHA (AP) — Delegations from more than 40 countries, including Israel, held informal discussions Monday ahead of a conference aimed at laying plans for arms control and re gional security in the Middle East once peace is established.

The formal conference will be opened on Tuesday by Foreign Ministry Sheikh Hamad Ben Jassem Ben Jaber Al Thani, the official Qatari News Agency said. It said Monday's gathering discussed the agenda, but provided no further details.

This will be the fifth meeting of the arms control and security committee, one of five multilateral groups that branched off the Middle East peace process begun in Madrid in October 1991. The four other groups are concerned with water, refugees, environment and

economic development. It was the first time the arms group convened outside the United States or Russia, which are co-sponsors of the peace

Israel's defence ministry director-general David Ivn. who heads the Israeli delegation, said he felt Wednesday's signing in Cairo of a Palestinian autonomy accord would influence the meeting.

(Continued on page 9)



Jordan marks 41st year of King Hussein's assumption of his constitutional powers

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan on Monday marked the 41st anniversary of His Majesty King Hussein's assumption of his constitutional powers. No ceremonies were held because of the death of Her Majesty Queen Zein Al Sharaf, the Queen Mother, last

Born in Amman in 1935, King Hussein was brought up under the care of his grandfather, the late King Abdullah Ben Al Hussein, who founded the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and his father, the late King Talal Ben Abdullah and his mother, the late Queen Zein. The King acceded to the Throne in 1952 when he was 17 years, but assumed his constitutional powers in the following year.

He led Jordan through enormous difficulties towards development.

Despite his young age at the time of assuming power, the King's clear vision, farsightedness and long-term strategies enabled him to realise a number of ambitious development projects which brought Jordan to the forefront of developing countries.

At the national level Jordan's achievements under the King's leadership were enor-

In the field of education, the number of schools has risen from 487 in 1953 to more than 4,000. The number of teachers also rose from 2,378 to more than 52,000. The number of universities and higher education institutes has risen from zero to 13 universities and 61 community colleges.

In the area of heaith, Jordan has doubled the number of hospitals. From a modest 10 hospitals with 663 beds,

4 Israeli

Jordan pow has 20 hospitals with more than 3,000 beds. The number of doctors at the Ministry of Health has also increased from 52 doctors to more than 2,300, in addition to hundreds of dentists. pharmacists, nurses, and midwives.

In 1950, Jordan had 895 kilometres of roads, but now it has about 7,000 kilometres, in addition to 7,000 kilometres of agricultural roads.

Similar remarkable achievements are also seen in bousing and social develop-

King Hussein has paid special attention to the Armed Forces and equipped them with the most up-to-date weapons to defend the na-

The Jordanian army is now contributing to maintaining security in different parts of

At the pan-Arab level, the King has always stood by Arab causes and has sought to unite Arab ranks and ensure Arab solidarity.

Ever since he assumed his constitutional powers, the Palestine question has re-mained the King's major preoccupation. The King has spared no effort to defend the légitimate Palestinian rights and has supported the Palestine cause at the various international fora. King Hussein has believed in and worked for safeguarding the Arab identity of Jerusalem. The King also spared no effort to heal inter-Arab rifts. He had provided support to Arab brethren in Algeria, Yemen, Iraq, Lebanon, Sudan and Palestine.

Jordan will not attend autonomy signing

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan will not attend the signing in Cairo on Wednesday of an agreement between the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and Israel to implement Palestinian self-rule in the Israeli-occupied territories, officials said Mon-

A senior Jordanian official told the Jordan Times that the Kingdom had "apologised and will not send anyone to the signing ceremony.

Representatives of around 40 countries are expected to attend the signing of the selfrule agreement by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin.

The official, who asked for anonymity, would not elaborate on the reasons for Jordan's absence from the Cairo ceremony, but analysts be-lieved it was to underline Jordan's displeasure at the lack of coordination with the PLO.

Other political sources, bowever, said they believed that the Jordanian decision was largely dictated by its declared policy of keeping a low profile in the Middle East peace negotiations until the Kingdom's demand for an end to the interception of Aqaba-bound

But other sources also maintain that Jordan is "displeased at being marginalised in the Palestinian-Israeli negotiations, and some of the points in the agreement have implications on Jordan without its taking part in any of the decisions reached.

After Israel and the PLO signed the Declaration of Principles on the White House lawn Sept. 13, King Hussein had said the Kingdom "will not be party to an agreement involving Jordan without having a role" in the negotiations. Jordan has also often criticised the PLO for not coordinating its position with the Kingdom before reaching

agreements with Israel. Jordan has abstained from an active role in the Middle East peace process until the Kingdom's demand for an end to the interception of Aqababound vessels is satisfactorily

This week, the Kingdom sent a lone observer to the multilateral working group on disarmament in Qatar and earlier this month Jordan sent only an observer to a meeting of the multilateral working group on water in Oman.

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher, after a meeting with King Hussein in London last Monday, announced that "subject to fine-tuning" Washington has accepted a Jordanian proposal under which Lloyds Register in London will be in charge of a sanction-verification regime at Aqaba port.

Information Minister Jawad Al Anani told the Jordan Times then that despite the fact that Washington's acceptance "removed a major obstacle" from the way of renewed Jordanian participating in negotiations, the Kingdom was awaiting final agreement and implementation of the Aqaba arrangement before assuming its role in the talks.

Other senior officials have since then said that the Kingdom needs to be reassured that its sovereignty and territorial integrity would not be brought into question in any proposed modality for the sanctionsverifications procedures.

They said Jordan had certain

(Continued on page 9)

soldiers wounded in Gaza OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AP) — Palestinians opened fire on an army patrol in the occupied Gaza Strip Monday, shooting two soldiers and injuring two others when their jeep turned over, the army said.

No one was killed in the incident, but it took on added significance coming just two ing of the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreement to implement Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank area of lericho.

Deputy Defence Minister Mordechai Gur said the violence would not deter the government from its peace plans and added that forces would be concentrated in the area to

apprehend the gunmen. Mr. Gur noted that negotiations to extend autonomy after Gaza-Jericho depended on the success of the Palestinians in warding off future violence. "If the Palestinian side does

not fill its side of the agreement, we are free to decide how we see the rest of the process and which stens we should take in order to assure the existence... of the state and the security of the residents, Mr. Gur told army radio. The army was on alert in Gaza to ward off attacks laun-

ched to torpedo the signing

Wednesday of the agreement to implement autonomy, Israel Radio in Arabic said. The Palestinians shot at the soldiers from a two-storey house inside the Gaza Strip town of Khan Yunis, near the

(Continued on page 9)

the Jewish settlement of Ganei

Israel and Syria in 'serious' phase TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The United States and Israel on

Monday said peace efforts with Syria have entered a serious phase as Secretary of State Warren Christopher brought reaction from Damascus to the latest initiative. "The efforts to reach peace between Israel and Syria are

very serious," Foreign Minis-ter Shimon Peres said Monday. But he called for time to consider Syria's reaction to the proposals that Mr. Christopher put to President Hafez Al Assad over the weekend. Mr. Christopher added: "The negotiations have

reached a new and different substantive level. The parties are seriously engaged in substantive discussions. "It is significant that the parties are now talking on a

comprehensive range of issues and those discussions will continne.' According to official sources in Prime Minister Yitzhak

Rabin's office, progress has been made. "For the first time Syria has not totally rejected Israeli proposals but has declared readiness to take into account Israel's security needs," the

sources said. Mr. Christopher refused to answer when asked if Syria rejected Israel's peace pack-

Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa said Sunday: "Syria does not accept a peace in stages with Israel and is committed to a total withdrawal from Arab occupied land."

But he left the door open for negotiations. "We have asked many questions on the proposals and these are substantive questions that the Israeli side must give an answer to," Mr.

Mr. Rabin has offered to return three of five Druze villages on the plateau as a first stage in a three-step withdrawal over five-eight years, offi-cials said. But the score of the

withdrawal plan remains a sec-"The negotiations are only beginning and any leaks on the Israeh proposals can only do us harm," Mr. Rabin said.

"We did not give any (withdrawal) maps to Christopher and certainly no map showing the last line to which we intend to pull back," Mr. Rabin told

his Labour Party. Syria has demanded the return of all the Heights seized in the 1967 Middle East war.

Mr. Rabin spelled out the strategic importance of peace with Damascus after talks and lunch with Mr. Christopher.

"I want to be sure that we have done everything we can to prevent the negotiations with Syria from bogging down," he said. "I don't say that failure means immediate war but I know what failure

can bring." "I do not want to see in the future a strategic alliance be-tween Baghdad, Tehran and Damascus. We have to avoid that," he warned.

"After five years of Palestinian autonomy, the Palestinians will no longer be a threat to Israel, the Syrians still wille be if we do not make peace." Mr. Rabin dismissed belief in the strategic value of settle-

ments as an "anachronism." "During the 1973 war everyone knows that on the Golan what counted was the number

of tanks and not the number of settlements," he said. Heated opposition to Mr.

Rabin's conciliatory approach (Continued on page 9)

Military build-up reported in northern Bosnia

SARAJEVO (R) - Tension increased in northern Bosnia on Monday with Muslim and Serb media reporting a military build-up near the strategically

vital Serb-held town of Brcko. Muslim-controlled Sarajevo Radio said Serb forces were moving equipment and men from Gorazde front, eastern Bosnia, to Brcko, in what it said was the "strongest concentration of combat potential since the beginning of the war.

Bosnian Serb radio reported Muslim forces massing outside the northern Muslim stronghold of Tuzla, some 50

kilometres southwest of Brcko. Commander Eric Chaperon. the U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR) Spokesman in Sarajevo, acknowledged the reports of a build-up, echoing information from U.S. intelligence sources last week, but said the area was calm for the

Backo forms a bottleneck on

a "corridor" land route linking Serb-held lands in Bosnia and Croatia to Serbia proper.

The 70 per cent of Bosnian territory the Serbs now hold resembles a horseshoe and at one point, near Brcko, it is only five kilometres wide. The reported military build-

up followed the first use by

UNPROFOR of its most lethal military equipment against attacking Bosnian Serb forces in Kalesija near Tuzla. Bosnian Serbs said they suffered nine dead and four wounded after eight German-

built Leopard tanks belonging

to a Danish UNPROFOR con-

tingent responded to a Serb

attack on Friday by firing 72 Mr. Chaperon told a news conference the east Bosnian town of Gorazde was still tense and there had been firefights on Sunday between Serb and Muslim forces on the edge of a three-kilometre exclusion zone around the Muslim enclave.

A North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) ultimatum threatening air strikes helped to end a Serb siege there last weekend. The Serbs were ordered to withdraw their infantry from a three-kilometre zone around Gorazde and pull their heavy weapons back 20

kilometres. "The situation is tense but currently within the scope of UNPROFOR forces in the town," Mr. Chaperon said.

"There have been several firefights but no resumption of full-scale hostilities, nor an indication that such is probable." Mr. Chaperon said there were about 100 mostly unarmed Serb policemen in or around the Gorazde three-kilometre

He reported three rounds of small arms fire over the U.N. base in Gorazde and said nine rounds were fired back. On Friday British peacekeepers monitoring the zone came under Serb fire.

A convoy of 160 fresh British troops sent to Gorazde to reinforce the 500 U.N. soldiers already there was still blocked by the Serbs at Rogatica wanting to search all their personal belongings, Mr. Chaperon

Sarajevo Radio reported on Monday that three shells hit the besieged Bosnian capital overnight and said a woman aged 22 died and four people were hurt by Serb shelling of

Tuzla on Sunday. It said nearby Zavidovici was shelled by the Serbs and accused the Bosnian Serb army of launching a new offensive against government forces around Doboj and Tesanj, both in northern Bosnia.

The Yugoslav news agency Tanjug reported four Serb civi-lians killed and an unspecified number wounded on the Orthodox Christian Easter Sunday by Muslim artillery shells falling on the centre and suburbs of Doboj.

Mr. Chaperon said the bodies of two dead American journalists would be removed on Monday from the mined area near Mostar in southern Bosnia where their car was blown up on Sunday.

UNPROFOR named the journalists as Brian Brinton of Magnolia News and Francis Tomasic from U.S. pop culture magazine Spin. Mr. Chaperon said they

were on a road which was known to be mined. "They should never have been on it. be said. A third American journalist.

named as William Volkmann. also from Spin magazine, was slightly hurt, the spokesman said, and was at a Spanish U.N. field hospital at Dracevo, near Mostar.

More than 40 journalists have been killed in former Yugoslavia while covering fighting which erupted in 1991

S. Arabia to ban Iranian rallies

DUBAI (R) — Saudi Arabia will ban Iranian pilgrims from holding political rallies at this year's Haj, the annual pilgrimage, Saudi Interior Minister Prince Nayef Ben Abdul Aziz said.

The official Saudi Press Agency (SPA) quoted prince Nayef as saying on Sunday night that Saudi Arabia has officially informed Iran that its pilgrims would not be allowed to hold railies at the Haj, which reaches its climax later this month.

Asked about reports that the Iranians were planning rallies, Prince Nayef said: "I have heard of this and read about it... they said they will (bold railies) and we say no they won't.

"They know it will not happen and they have been informed of this," SPA quoted him as saying.

Tehran Radio had said on Sunday that a group of Ira-nian pilgrims left for Saudi Arabia after being told it was their duty to hold political rallies in defiance of a Saudi

It said Ayatollah Mohammad Mohammadi Reyshahri, Iran's top pilgrimage official, told the first batch of departing pilgrims about the "importance of holding the disavowal of the infidels rallies and stressed the need for pilgrims to take part in that Islamic activity."

lran's ruling clergy say that Haj would not be complete if Muslims were not allowed to express their anger towards what Iran sees as the enemies of Islam, mainly the United States and Israel.

Saudi Arabia's conservative leaders ban any political activity during the Haj to holy sites in the Kingdom. Iranian pilgrims held a political rally at last year's Haj but it was confined to a

big tent inside their com-

pound. There were no re-

ports of trouble with the Saudi security forces then.

with an Iranian-led rally. which was chanting death to America and Israel. The two states disagreed this year over limiting the number of Iranian pilgrims to a quota of around 60,000 while Iran insists on double that

number.

Saudi officials say they had allowed Iran to send more than its share in the past three years as a goodwill gesture to make up for Iran's boycott of the ritual when ties were severed and now insists on the 1988 quota system giving each country one pil-grim per every 1,000 Muslim

dice communications system,

the European Union has prom-

ised \$11 million in cash and

Non-Arab Iran's criticism of Saudi Arabia's organisa-

tion of the Haj has often been

at the centre of a stormy

relationship between the two

Gulf powers and led to a

three-year break in diploma-tic ties which ended in 1991. More than 400 people, mostly Iranians, were killed

when Saudi security forces clashed in the 1987 Haj season

Yasser Arafat and Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin plan to meet in Cairo on Tuesthe United Kingdom is sending anti-riot equipment, Germany will donate a police academy building and Japan has pledged \$10 million for police housing,

on Wednesday.

The Palestine Central Council last met in November to approve a declaration of prin-ciples signed by Israel and the PLO in Washington in Septem-



Ghosheh's

Liberation Organisation (PLO) faction which has been supporting Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat urged him on Monday not to sign the selfrule deal with Israel expected this week.

The Palestine Popular Struggle Front (PPSF), called for urgent meetings of the PLO executive, on which it is represented by its leader Samir Ghosheh, and the larger Palestine Central Council.

"We in the PPSF ... warn the PLO leadership to not submit to any pressure in order to make it sign the draft agreement," it said in a statement.
"Its breaches and defects

constitute a dangerous threat to the future of our national struggle and to the remnants of Palestinian national unity within the PLO."

day to settle remaining issues with the aim of signing the deal

Israel, PLO geared up for self-rule signing

(Continued from page 1)

of the process.

Palestinian members of a joint PLO-Israeli security coordination and cooperation committee were leaving for Gaza on Monday.

Addressing Israeli concerns that Palestinians were not ready to take over, Dr. Shaath said PLO officials would go into the territories Tuesday to coordinate with Israeli officers and 1,000 police would be ready to deploy on Thursday.
"I feel that everything is geared up at top speed towards the implementation of this

the signing on Wednesday," Dr. Shaath told reporters. He said Palestinians to take charge of civil affairs would be

flying to Cairo from various places and then would go into Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho.

They will all start to flow in as soon as we sign," he said. "If we are delayed a day or two it's not a problem."

It has taken more than six mouths for the negotiators to agree on details of their Sept. accord calling for lin Palestinian self-rule. erently the im tion agreement runs 300 pages,

with maps and addend The agreement will end nearly 27 years of occupation in Gaza and Jericho, Under

the September accord signed in Washington, the two sides are to begin negotiating a final peace agreement that will decide the future of the rest of the West Bank. Dr. Shaath said legal aspects

of the agreement were cleared up Monday, meaning the key dispute on legal jurisdiction over lawbreakers arrested in Gaza and Jericho was settled. He gave no details, however.

Some security questions re-main, but these could be settled quickly, Dr. Shaath said. He said the agreement on re-lease of Palestinian prisoners was not yet written down but "it's finished, it's all agreed." The chief Israeli delegate,

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Major General Amnon Shahak, returned to Israel at midafternoon to brief Mr. Rabin, but sources said he could return as early as Mon-

Egypt announced that U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher and Russian Fore-ign Minister Andrei Kozyrev will deliver speeches at the signing ceremony as repre-mentatives of the sponsors of overall Mideast peace talks. On Sunday, both the PLO Executive Committee and

Israel's cabinet approved signing the agreement.
The PLO said a 25-member

national council has been named to govern the self-rule zones. It will be headed by Mr. Arafat and include 12 members from the occupied territories and 12 from outside.

Egypt's Middle East News Agency said the members will include Dr. Shaath; Faisal Husseini, a leading Palestinian from the territories; and Intisar Al Wazir (Um Jihad).

Norwegian diplomat Terje
Roed Larsen, who is coordinating fund-raising efforts, said
Monday that money "sufficient
to start," has been raised but that more is needed to cover operating costs through the

first year of autonomy. The PLO estimates it will need \$20 million for deployment and operations in the first six weeks, an additional \$40 million over the next five months and \$85 million a year

after that. Last week, the U.S. presented the force with 24 jeeps, the first of 200 jeeps and trucks the United States is donating from its stockpile in Europe The vehicles and spare parts have a value of some \$6 million, American diplomats said.

Russia, which cosponsors the Middle East peace process with the United States, is providing armoured vehicles.

The Norwegians have sent 10,000 military fatigues for the police, while the PLO is purchasing navy trousers and blue shirts for the force in Egypt. Spain is underwriting the

Mandela claims poll victory

(Continued from page 1)

friendship and in coopera-

"I never thought I would see this happen, to see this man go," said one mixed-race

woman, crying bitterly.

The mood at ANC election headquarters in the Carlton Hotel in downtown Johannesburg was far more upbeat. Mr. Mandela, wearing a dark suit, danced on stage as hundreds of supporters joined a choir in singing God Bless Africa. "This is one of the most

important moments in the life of our country," he said. tion, for South Africans to join together to celebrate the birth

of democracy." The new partia convene in Cape Town on Friday to elect the president, setting the stage for Mr. Mandela to replace Mr. De Klerk as head of state at a formal inauguration attending by interna-tional dignitaries May 10. Mr.

De Klerk is expected to serve as one of two vice presidents. "During the past four years, we have proved that we can work together," Mr. De Klerk said, referring to the rela-tionship he has nurtured with Mr. Mandela since freeing him

from prison four years ago.

"Despite our differences, our relationship has become a symbol of the ability of South Africans from widely different backgrounds to cooperate in the national interest. This spirit will be essential to the success of the government of

national unity."
Mr. De Klerk, the product of a traditional Afrikaner family, took office in 1989 and was expected to continue the hardline policies of his predecessor, P.W. Botha. But he shocked imminent end of apartheid. and in February 1990 he freed Mr. Mandela from a life prison

term for opposing apartheid. Within months the two men had launched negotiations that led to a new constitution guaranteeing equal rights for blacks and whites and clearing

the way for all-race elections. Voting took place in a mood of national euphoria over four days last week, and the final results from a slow-moving vote count were expected sometime Tuesday.

Israeli settlers from the occapied Golan Heights stage a protest on Sunday against government plans to withdraw from the Heights in exchange for peace with Syria (AFP photo)

Druze await handover of Golan Heights

By Neil Macfarquhar The Associated Press

MAJDEL SHAMS, Golan Heights -- Nooraldin Al Mirai pointed at the white lilies spreading across the summit of Mount Hermon, long the Golan Heights' crown jewel in the wars between Israel and

Syria. "All my life I have never seen such flowers on the mountain. Maybe it is an omen that peace is coming," the 48-year-old Druze farmer said Sunday.

The government of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin is offering Syria a staged withdrawal from the strategic plateau, to take between five and eight years, Israeli officials

The first stage would include handing back at least three of the five villages that are home to over 17,000 Druze, a secreadherents live in the mountains linking Syria, Israel and Lebanon.

The many Druze who want to regain their Syrian citizenship think the return of the Golan in stages is too slow. They are counting on Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to reject the plan in talks with U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher. Mr. Christopher was due to deliver the Syrian

Israel sets

answer to Mr. Rabin on

"If the Israeli government thinks they are dealing with the Palestinians, with (Yasser) Arafat, they are wrong," said bookshop owner Samih Ayoub, mocking the self-rule plan accepted by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader for leaving the full control of the West Bank and Gaza hinged to future negotiations. The plan is due to go into effect this week.
"We want it all back," Mr.

Ayoub added. Villagers have been expressing their anger with anyone who questions returning to Syrian control, especially mayors and other officials appointed

by Israel. Maidal Shams Mayor Salim Shufi was chased away from a funeral over the weekend and someone threw a rock at city. hall, shattering a window Graffiti on the village walls reads "Death to collaborators.

Mr. Shufi did not want to comment on the issue.

But in Israel proper a Druze leader said he thought about 300 families who had taken Israeli passports would want to come down from the Heights, suggesting that the government either build a special village for them in the north of the country or build houses in Druze villages there.
"But there has to be a way

for them to remain in touch with relatives who stay in the Golan," Yousef Nasreldin from the Israeli Druze town of Daliyat Al Karmel told Israel Radio.

There has been compara-tively little violence on the Golan since Israel seized it in 1967 and "annexed" it in 1981. Residents occasionally raise Syrian flags and demonstrate against accepting Israeli identification cards, but there are none of the violent clashes like those in the West Bank and

Gaza Strip. Like the Palestinians, Druze served as cheap labour to build most of the 32 Jewish settlements on the Golan. Mr. Rabin said last month settlements would have to be dismantled for peace.

ity of the Israeli farming communities and think they can duplicate it once they are no longer under the restrictions of Israeli occupation that dictates what crops they can grow and where they can sell them. They have also become expert contractors.

Privately some Druze in the village admit that they worry about how many democratic rights they will have under an

new Gaza

Assad regime, but they will not express it, citing possible problems for relatives living under Syrian control.

No one wants to predict

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when peace might happen. They also admit their opinions on how the peace plan should be negotiated weigh little on either side. The 13,000 Israelis that live

on the Golan Heights have a similar concern, launching a series of demonstrations on Sunday that they hope will convince the public to force the government to give up the idea of ceding the heights.
The (1,110 square

kilometre) plateau, about 20 kilometres wide. dominates northern Israel, including some of the country's most important water resources. Syria was able to shell communities with impunity before 1967, and more than 1,000 soldiers were lost

fighting there.
"The Israelis may be willing to offer Majdal Shams first, but the Syrians want the whole Golan first," Mayor Sammy Bar-Lev, "mayor" of the largest town, Katzrin, told about 100 demonstrators who burned tires and chained themselves астоя the road Sunday at one of the narrow bridges crossing the Jordan River.

"And that will not be enough either," he said.

Palestinians welcome eased rules

(Continued from page 10)

make it easier for Palestinian iivelihood," he told the Jordan Times as he was on his way back home. "Jordan pro-vides the lifeline for our peo-

Mr. Shawa said that there was no reason for Jordanians to fear that the relaxation of travel into the Kingdom meant that large waves of Palestinians would flock into the country seeking employ-ment and fleeing difficult economic conditions in the occupied territories.

"We will not leave the West Bank and Gaza Strip,"

Some Jordanians who advocated limiting the number of Palestinians travelling into Jordan from the occupied territories said they feared massive waves of Palestinian migration if Jordan did not impose stricter Zaki Abu Yousef, a 23-

ear-old student at Bir Zeit University in the West Bank, said that Palestinians would not leave their homes and inesses to come and settle in the East Bank.

However, he told the Jordan Times as he waited for passport clearance at the arrival terminal, the new relaxed measures would improve Palestinian businesses frequently dealing with Jor-

"It will become easier to travel between the West and East Bank and will be highly beneficial for our businesses," said Mr. Abu Yousef, whose family business in the West Bank town of Ramallah includes import, and export of electrical

GUSH KATUF, occupied Gaza Strip (AP) - Bracing for Palestinian autonomy, Israel's army has completed a ring of 13 small outposts around this Jewish enclave of 5,000 settlers

in the Gaza Strip. Sniping has already started, and Captain Aviv is preparing to defend against Palestinian attacks he believes will come once the euphoria of self-rule wears off.

"Everyone hears about the quiet before a storm. That's what its like now," he said. The army has pulled back to a new front line — the coils of barbed wire that protect the 12 Jewish settlements in the Gush Katif enclave. There are another four Jewish settle-

ments outside the enclave. If all goes according to plan, Israel's army will hand off to the Palestinian police within days and end its patrols of Palestinian refugee camps and towns that frequently provoked bloody clashes with Palestinians.

Paratroopers already hold the line of outposts — circular ramparts with concrete pill boxes, canvas tents and a water tower serving as the buffer between the 800,000 Palestinians and the tiny Jewish community in Gaza.

up forts on

"What happens here will determine whether or not this peace deal will work and if it will continue," said Lieutenant David Remez.

Lt. Remez worried most about the 6,000 Arabs, mostly bedouin farmers, who live in the Jewish enclave. Eventually, they will be under an Israeli-Palestinian control. Lt. Remez fears they may harbour anti-Israeli guerrillas.

Soldiers and commanders alike prefer their new role of guarding Jewish settlements to chasing young Palestinian stonethrowers through the streets of Gaza.

Shai Shabtai, guarding a nursery school in the settlement of Neve Dekalim, said his mission was a lot clearer

(02)272275

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than it had been when he was patrolling the streets of the Rafah refugee camp. "This time we are among

Jews. It explains why we are here. You live among the settlers and that makes it easier." he said.

But speaking privately, the dislike the soldiers harbour towards the settlers is blunt. "They're a pain in the butt," grumbled one soldier. Another complained that

the cost of protecting so few Israelis was enormous. At the Tel Katifa settlement, four soldiers guard six Israeli adults and two children who built three cement block buildings near the beach. The soldiers noted settlers

and soldiers came to blows after a stabbing attack in Neve Dekalim last week, when two Palestinians stabbed an Israeli woman and then were set upon by vengeance-seeking settlers. Fistfights broke out when a colonel tried to shield one of the Palestinians, who was shot

frontline and beaten and later died. The soldiers also have to guard against clashes between

settlers and Palestinian police. The potential for such conflict was seen at Neve Dekalim's 10-year anniversary celebration last week, where high school students sang a Hebrew rap song that attacked Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and the autonomy plan. At Capt. Aviv's outpost

overlooking the Khan Yunis refugee camp, soldiers were trying out a new volleyball pat.
A cry went up as the ball drifted over the earthern rampart and down into the perimetre fence, fully exposed to sniper fire. One soldier stood guard as another slithered down the dune to fetch the ball and scampered

"It's ok, they usually just shoot at dawn or at dusk," said Lt. Remez. "It's not very effective. They mostly just shoot and run. But it's very

Hejaz Railway Train

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Princess Base Prince Ra'd Ben Zeid (honorary President of the JFMA)

for the sad loss of Her Majesty Queen Zein Al Sharaf

The Jordanian French Medical Association Prince Meh

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

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Dr. Mahmoud Hindi	Public Security Department
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ices Haya Hospital FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Outen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)57200-5, where it should always be supplied.

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Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights 04:19 Jakarta, Kuala Lumpur (RJ) Damascus (RI)
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King receives condolences

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein re-ceived a cable of condolences from South Korean President Kim Young Sam over the passing of Queen Zein Al Sharaf, the Queen Mother, who died at the age of 78 on

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King Hussein received more cables of condolences from heads of state and political figures in Arab and foreign countries Sunday and Monday. The cables were sent by Senegalese President Abdo Diouf, Eritrean President Assaias Afwerki, Portu-

guese President Mario Soares, Congo Prime Minis-ter Pascal Lissouba, Syrian Prime Minister Mahmoud Al Zubi, United Arab Emirates Defence Minister Sheikh Mohammad Ben Rashed Al Maktoum, Sheikh Mohammad Ben Hamad Al Thani, Sheikh Sultan Ben Hassan Al Thani, Egyptian writer Mohammad Hassanain Heikal, Pope Shnouda III of Alexandria, former speaker of the Lebanese parliament Kamel Al Asaad, Mother Theresa, Saudi Prince Sultan Ben Abdul Aziz Al Saoud, the

son of the Bahraini crown prince, Sheikh Salman Ben Hamad Ben Issa Al Khalifah, former Sudanese president Abdul Rahman Swareldahab, Bahraini Monetary Corporation Director Sheikh Khaled Ben Salmen Al Khalifah, Secretary General of the Arab Thought Forum (ATF) Ali Oumil, head of the Syrian Druze sect Ahmad Al Hajri, Omani Labour Minister Ahmad Ben Mohammad Al Aisa'i, and Lebanese Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs Anwar Al Khalil.

House reconsiders articles in draft sales tax law

AMMAN (Petra) - The Lower House of Parliament Monday reconsidered Article 5 and 6 of the sales tax draft law, which it endorsed last week, with a view to correcting a legal wrangle arising from voting down the Financial Committee's recommendation to amend Item B of Article 6 to have items exempted from the tax included in the law.

Item B of Article 6 as presented by the government and

By Rana Husseini

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Fifteen survivors

of a fatal bus collision that

claimed the lives of ten people

Sunday on the Amman-

Madaba road, were listed in

fair to serious condition Mon-

day. Some accident victims

were transferred to King Hus-

sein Medical Centre in Am-

Hammad, who Monday

addressed a ceremony marking International Traffic Day, said

"despite all efforts yesterday,"

we were shocked by a tragic accident which claimed the

lives of ten people and left 15 more injuries."

ing to Jordan Television (JTV), the minister attributed

the accident to reckless driv-

victims, which are yet uncon-

firmed by police, said the driv-

er of a water tanker attempted

to overtake a passenger vehicle

on the two-lane road and met

head-on with a public bus. The

accident took place in the

Two of the deceased who

were brought to Madaba's

Nadim Hospital, have not yet

been identified, hospital

vived the crash, and another

passenger were transferred

from Nadim Hospital to King

The bus driver, who sur-

Manga area near Madaba.

In a statement Sunday even-

Minister of Interior Salameh

man, hospital sources said.

week does not refer to any lists attached to the law and gives the government the right to specify the exempted items through regulations, thus contradicting Article 5 of the draft law which imposes taxes on goods and services except those exempted by the lists attached to the draft law.

After a lengthy debate on

ment (PSD) official in Amman

said Madaba police were still

M. Salayteh (50), Mahmoud

Jubeili (50), Taleb Misleh (35),

Abdul Aziz Ahmad, Awatel

Mahmoud, Samar Hmoud and

four others, including the two

women and one child who have

According to officials at Bashir Hospital, three victims

were admitted there on Sun-

day; a six-year-old, Mariam

Hassan, suffered a fractured

arm and thigh and was listed in

good condition. The other two

patients were transferred to

King Hussein Medical Centre.

official told the Jordan Times

that most casualties admitted

there were listed in fair condi-

tion. He added that a 50-yearold man suffered internal

His Majesty King Hussein instructed the Minister of In-

terior and the PSD officials

concerned to insure that the

accident victims receive

appropriate care, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, reported.

King Hussein and His Royal

Highness Crown Prince Has-

san conveyed their condo-

lences to the victims' families,

Stressing the importance of road safety, Mr. Hammad told

the attendees of the Interna-

tional Traffic Day ceremony

bleeding and will

surgery today.

Petra reported.

A Madaba Military Hospital

not been identified.

The dead include: Suleiman

investigating the accident.

deputies, the House endorsed both articles as recommended by its Financial Committee.

The committee recommended that lists should be part of the law and not be governed by a special regula-

The House also endorsed Article 7, 8, 10, 11 and 12 of

The Traffic Department,

which released the numbers

attributed most accidents to

speeding and disobeying traffic

According to the Depart-ment of Statistics; in 1993 road

accidents took the lives of 440%

people; 61.2 per cent of them

were children under the age of

rules and regulations.

the draft law. The House will continue debate of other articles today.

Fatal Madaba road collision

under investigatioan —police creasing, and the death rate among road accident victims is 15.8 to every 10,000 motor vehicles, while in the industrialised countries it is 1.8 to every 10,000 vehicles.

Petra recently reported that during the first three months of this year, a total of 6,842 road accidents occurred in Jordan, resulting in the death of 90 between May 8 and 12. people and injury to 2,844

The opening and closing sessions will be held in close cooperation with the Royal Jordanian Geographic Centre at the centre's headquarters in Amman May 8 and 12. The in Aqaba May 9 to 11.

ESCWA region have been ranked among the lowest in the world with regard to hydrog-raphic and charting capabili-ties. These capabilities are crucial, as hydrographic data and updated nautical charts are considered essential elements in the development of a nation's infrastructure, involving

tion of marine ecology.

construction of new ports.

The meeting will discuss possibilities for improving the status of maritime hydrographic surveying, nautical charting and maintenance of hydrographic surveying in the ESCWA region covering 13 Arab countries in Western Asia. It will also review the recommendations and conclusions of a study conducted by ESCWA and the IHB in this regard, and will establish the foundations for future regional

I please," he added.

restricted Israeli permits. According to the previous regulations, entry into the Kingdom was only possible if visitors obtained permits from the Department and those permits were valid for only one month. In addition, Palestinian

visitors' documents were held by the DCI to ensure that these visitors did not remain in the country longer than the one month permitted.

"Now we can stay here for as long as we wish, thanks to Jordanians' generosity, for which we are really grateful," said Ahmad, who told the Jordan Times that he had been returned to the West Bank last year by the Control and Inspection Department because he stayed in the Kingdom for more than one month. "Now, I do not even have to worry about technical

The new regulations stipulate that people aged 26 to 36 will be allowed into the Kingdom as long as they hold open Israeli permits for travel, and will be permitted to stay for as long they like provided they retain valid re-

Palestinians queue up to reclaim documents

New travel regulations welcomed with 'great relief'

turn permits. One Palestinian woman told the Jordan Times that she was enrolling her 9-yearold son in a school in Amman, saying that the boy had for a long time wanted to go to the same school as his cousins. "It is a dream come true for my son," she added.

Under the new regulations, which became effective May 1, 1994, students from the occupied West Bank will be allowed to enter Jordanian schools if one of their parents does not have a family reunion permit from the Israeli authorities. Students whose

parents carry the yellow permit cards, documents held by Palestinians who reside in Jordan, can join any school in the Kingdom.

Previous regulations did not enable Palestinian residents who do not carry a Jordanian passport to enroll in the Kingdom's schools.

Officials at the Ministry of Interior have described the new set of regulations as a complete turn over which gives Palestinians, residents of Jordan as well those who are visitors, unrestricted free-

Regulations also give Palestinians the chance to renew their reunion permits annually from Jordan as opposed to the old regulations by which reunion permits were only obtained from the West Bank.

These new regulations will facilitate procedures for Palestinian residents in the country as well as for Palestinian visitors, in terms of obtaining official permits from the Jordanian author-

They also secure schooling for many Palestinian students who previously have been denied access to academic institutions in the country.

A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official, who did not wish to be named, told the Jordan Times Monday that the news regulations have been received by Palestinian leaders as well as West Bankers with a sense of "great relief." He added that this "move" will enhance the "special brother-" relations between the Palestinians and Jordanians, which in turn, will have a positive effect on shaping the two countries' relations in the present progressive stage.

Experts to review nautical charting

gion is conducted through maritime transport, the Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) is organising an expert group meeting with the aim of developing and improving maritime transport in the region, ESCWA said in a press release

By Natasha Bukhari

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Tens of eager

Palestinians queued outside

the Department of Control

and Inspection (DCI) to re-

claim their documents which

were previously seized by the

department to guarantee

their return to the West

Bank, following an

announcement by Minister of

Interior Salameh Hammad

easing restrictions on the en-

try of Palestinians to Jordan.

much easier for both visitors and residents," said one Palestinian who was waiting

to take his passport from the

Under the new regulations,

travellers coming to Jordan across the bridges on the

Jordan River will not have

their documents impounded

provided they hold open or

"Things have become

Monday.

Jointly organised with the International Hydrographic Bureau (IHB), the ad hoc expert group meeting on maritime hydrographic surveying and nautical charting will take place in Amman and Aqaba

technical meetings and live de-monstrations at sea will be held.

Several countries in the

not only port and maritime transport but also the exploitation resources and the protec-

Surveying and charting are also essential for proper plan-ning of port development and

action to be undertaken by ESCWA member countries.



VISITING SAHAB: Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali Monday visits the Industrial Cities Corporation in Sahab, south of Amman. Dr. Majali said that through the decentralisation process the government will work on moving the decision-makers to the country's cities and governorates in a hid to encourage investments in various parts of Jordan. The prime minister also met with corporation Director General Fayez Suheimat, Corporation officials and

several members of the Jordanian Investors Society. The premier stressed at the meeting the government's keenness to provide the corporation with the needed communications facilities to enable industrialists to carry out their work under the best conditions. After a tour of several industries at the Sahab Industrial City, Dr. Majali expressed his pride in the Jordanian industrial sector and called for maintaining the good quality of these industries (Petra photo)

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Agro-industrial exhibition to open

display farming equipment and supplies such as drip irrigation The six-day exhibition, which will be held under the theme "technological development and public safety," aims different forms of technology used in agricultural production and guiding farmers in the proper and safe use of farm

دائرة العطادات الحكومتية GOVERNMENT TENDERS DIRECTORATE

وزارة الاشغ ال العامه والارسكان

Sult Water & Waste Water Project Contracts 46/94/C1/Central, 47/94/C2/Central, 48/94/C3/Central and 49/94/C4/Central

Invitation For Bids

1. The Water Authority of the Ministry of Water and Irrigation through the Ministry of Public Works and Housing/ Government Tenders Directorate, invites experienced foreign contractors from countries which meet the elioibility criteria of the European Investment Bank and local contractors who have been prequalified by the Ministry of Public Works and Housing as First Grade in Water and Sewerage for contracts C1, C2 and C4 and first Grade in Water and Sewerage and First and Second Grade in Electromechanical for contract C3, or a joint venture of the above, as appropriate, between foreign and local contractors to submit their offers for the supply, delivery and construction of the Sult Water Distribution System, Pumping Stations, Reservoirs and Wastewater Project. Foreign contractors are strongly encouraged to joint venture or associate with the above graded local contractors.

2. The contracts comprise the following main works: Supply and installation of water supply pipes, diameter varying from 19mm to 500mm, total length about 430km, supply, construction and installation of 3 pumping stations with capacities ranging between 50m³/hr and 800m³/hr. construction of 8 service reservoirs with volumes of 100m³ to 3,000m³.

-Supply and installation of about 17km of sewers with diameters ranging from 150mm to 300mm.

3. Tender documents are available as of Tuesday, May 3rd, 1994 and may be examined and purchased at the Ministry of Public Works and Housing Government Tenders Directorate, Amman - Jordan, P.O.Box (1220), Fax:

 The non-refundable fee for each set of tender documents. will be JD 500 each for contracts C1, C2 and C3 and JD 200 for contracts C4.

5. The latest date for purchase of tender documents by eligible bidders is Thursday, June 9th, 1994. Bids are due not later than 1200 hours, Jordan local time,

on Saturday, June 18th, 1994, to the office of the Government Tenders Directorate. 7. Foreign contractors shall complete the qualification questionnaire supplied with the tender documents. Bids, will

have to be submitted in two separate and sealed envelopes marked "Technical/Sult" and "Financial/Sult" both sealed in one envelope marked "Sult Water and Wastewater Project." On the date set for bid submission and opening, only the "Technical/Sult" envelope will be opened. When the evaluation process is completed, both qualified and disqualified contractors will be notified of the results as well as of the date set for opening financial

8. Ultimate consideration for the award of contract will be given to the lowest overall evaluated bid price of all substantially responsive bids submitted by eligible and qualified contractors.

Eng. Bashir Jaghbeer Chairman/Central Tenders Committee General Director/Government Tenders Directorate

that the number of road acci-Hussein Medical Centre. A Public Security Departdents in the Kingdom is in-

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Jordanian Union for Agricultural Materials, in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture, today opens an agro-industrial

exhibition at the International Fairs Centre in Amman. A ministry statement said that the exhibition, in which 51 companies will take part, will inary medicines and dairy pro-cessing products, in addition to fertilisers and pesticides.

at orienting the public on the

systems, plastic covers, veter-

WHAT'S GOING ON

★ Film in Spanish entitled "Beltinebros" at the Spanish Cultural Centre on Monday at 6:30 (Tel 613077).

Lecture in Arabic on Arab-capabilities after the collapse of the Soviet Union by Mr. Abdullah Al Ahmar, member of the Syrian National Progressive Front, at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Amman at 6:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

- Art exhibition by five Egyptian artists at Darat Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh. Also showing "permanent" exhibition of 56 Arab contemporary artists (Tel. 643251/2).
- ☆ Exhibition by artist Mohammad Muhraddin at Ab'ad Art ☆ Exhibition by artist Helmi El-Touni at Baladna Art Gallery.
- (Tel. 687598). ☆ Exhibition by artists Dr. Ali Ghoul, Hussein Da'seh, Adnan Al Sharif, Abdul Hussein Tawaij, Salman Abbas, and Hafez Al Droubl at Orfali Art Gallery (Tel. 826932).
- ☆ Jordanian-Iraqi contemporary exhibition by over 80 artists at Ain Art Gallery in Wadi Saqra (9:30 a.m-8:00 p.m.) (Tel.

Opening Soon

All you look for and a little bit more



4, Opinion & Analysis

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Shuttle can work

SYRIA'S PUBLIC rejection of the latest Israeli peace plan envisaging a phased withdrawal from the Golan Heights should have been expected, given that U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher carried the plan to Syrian President Hatez Al Assad Saturday with probably no more hope than that of Damascus submitting a counter offer based on Syria's long-standing position calling for complete and simultaneous Israeli withdrawal.

No doubt that Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabina latest formula for peace with Syria was made with the full realisation that the Syrian government was not likely to take his offer as is. Negotiating tactics take into considerations the principles of offering the minimum and demandiag the maximum. This is exactly what Rabin has done in his latest move with Damascus.

Rabin had been showing some flexibility on the Golan Heights, with promise of territorial concessions and the dismantlement of Jewish settlements. Still, previous Israeli postures on the Syrian territories whether they emanated from the Labour or Likud perspectives appear to have prevented Rabin from meeting Syrian legitimate demands in full.

It is against this backdrop, that the Syrian no was renunciated. "Damascus rejects halfsolutions and does not accept any comprehenses overifierab rights and land," Damascus Radio declared on the eve of Christopher's visit to the affect to be patient in his dealing with Israel up he has more to offer than to receive. With e prospects of another war in the area to an all-time low, regaining lost rritories cannot compensate for the kind of tetic concessions that Damascus is called pon to make. No wonder then that President sad had to sound firm and unequivocal in thing full Israeli withdrawal or nothing. In line with these latest developments, the .S. secretary of state has travelled once again Israel carrying with him the official Syrian ply. While it is premature to tell how Rabin ill stact to Damascus's counter proposal, it is reliable that he will improve on his Saturday's egistiating offer to keep the U.S. shuttle injections in full swing. The minute Christtonsacy in full swing. The minute Christpher abandons his go-between activities, the order would know that the Syrian-Israeli track af least temporarily blocked. This may not be the cards since the gap between a phased racti withdrawal and full Israeli withdrawal from the Golan is indeed bridgeable.

Bridging the gap can be done the minute labin becomes convinced that Damascus is from on meeting its full conditions for peace in he area.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

IN A bid to reassert the principle that peace is indivisible, S ris har rejected an Israeli offer of gradual Israeli withdrawal from this occupied Syrian Golan Heights, said Al Dustern ily. There can be no peace without the exchange for land as the Arabs in general and Syria in particular believe and Israel's manoeuvres are totally rejected, said the daily. For peace to be lasting, it should be complete and just. Partial deals can rever achieve the aspired goals for the Arabs, added the daily. Indeed, President Hafez Al Assad's firm position regarding this issue has given the Palestinian cause and the question of Pace a pan-Arab and comprehensive dimension and further sposed Israel's underhand dealings and procrastinations, said the paper. It said that the Osio deal on Israeli-Palestinian idual peace was perhaps necessary in view of the complex stuation in the occupied Palestinian land, but that does not nean that the Israelis can repeat the same pattern with the other Arab parties. The Syrians want the Israelis to withdraw their forces completely from the Golan as they did in Sinai and there is no doubt that Jordan and Lebanon would make the same demands so that peace can be genuine and lasting, the sipel continued. Syria, Jordan and Lebanon are determined, said the paper, to reject partial solutions, and the leaderships of the three countries have time and again reiterated their positions clearly and reaffirmed their principled stands even before the Madrid conference was held.

COMMENTING ON the same theme, Arafat Hijazi, a columnist in Sawt Al Sheab daily, said that by offering to withdraw from the Golan piecemeal, the Israelis are aiming at athieving a separate peace with Damascus and luring Syria away from the Palestine question. The writer said that Israeli leaders and settlers have often expressed Israel's desire to remain the Golan under any circumstances and therefore the latest israeli offer can only be a new manocuvre designed to slead public opinion.

condition of anonymity.

The View from Fourth Circle

By Rami G. Khouri

Jordan, Palestine and Israel: challenge and opportunity

THE SIGNING of the Palestinian-Israeli economic accord last week and this week's scheduled signing of the Palestinian-Israeli agreement to implement the first stage of the Palestinian self-governing authority represent a phenomenon that is really historic — but not for the reasons most people give.

The importance of these accords (along with the Jordanian-Israeli negotiating agenda and the Jordanian-Palestinian economic and security accords that were signed in recent months) lies not in the advent of Arabs and Jews living together in peace, because they have long lived in peace in most historical periods. Their importance lies in the fact that for the first time in modern history these three peoples — Palestinians, Jordanians and Israelis — are working out arrangements for coexistence and mutual national development on their own, based on their self-perceived national interests, without the imposition of territorial, political or economic arrangements by outside powers. I would suggest several phenomena that we should keep in mind as the process unfolds, relating to the past, the present and the future.

1. The past: Despite the emotional passion and legal status that define them, Jordan, Palestine and Israel are three small entities that have little historical precedent as independent, sovereign states. A Jewish state existed for about a century. and assorted Ammonite, Edomite and Moabite trans-Jordanian kingdoms existed for several centuries some 3,000 years ago, in the Iron Age; in all other historical eras, these territories existed as provinces or protectorates of larger, usually imperial, entities, such as Assyria, Greece, Rome, Byzantium, Persia and the Islamic and Ottoman empires.

Ancient history clearly suggests - in fact, it dictates - that attempts by these three small territories to develop as separate nations, detached from their broader Middle Eastern hinterland and dependent on foreign political and economic support, are unlikely to last more than a few generations. Modern history, however, indicates equally emphatically that Jordan, Palestine and Israel are real units that have to be dealt with as independent actors in the Middle Eastern game of nations. History is a powerful guide, but history is not a static determinant of identity, borders or inter-state relationships.

The fact is that the forces of modern 20th century history have given birth to the national ideas of Jordan, Palestine and Israel. Furthermore, these three entities have responded to modern history by earning their place in the contemporary community of Levantine nations. Jordan, Palestine and Israel have not only worked hard to survive and to improve their people's standards of living; each, in its own way, has also earned the respect, the support and even the admiration of the rest of the world. We can now leave behind the argument that has been used by and against all three entities: that they never existed in history, and therefore they have no legitimacy in today's world.

2. The present: Jordan, Palestine and Israel are all characterised by small populations and domestic markets; substantial dependence on external financing; serious imbalances in their natural resources; problems of poverty and unemployment; residence in a volatile and violent region and an ongoing attempt to forge stable political systems that satisfy their complex demographic mix. As such, they collectively reflect

the national pressures and constraints that define the entire Middle East. I believe that all three embarked on the route of diplomatic negotiations and mutual recognition as the most appropriate means of addressing their national predicaments when they recognised simultaneously in the early 1990s that their present national condition was untenable, for their economic, political and military dependencies were unsustain-

able in the long run. The challenge they face is not only to recognise each other and to coexist in peace, but also to sort out the deeply intertwined demographic, economic and political relationship that have defined them for most of this century. Demographically and politically, the Palestinians are structurally meshed with both Jordan and Israel, but all three parties have traditionally suffered from suspicions and the perception of predatory dangers emanating from the others. Economically and environmentally (especially in terms of water, communications, labour, and markets) the Palestinians, Israelis and Jordanians form a single unit that can be separated only at the expense of the long-term national development of each of its three sub-divisions, and with the certitude of perpetual yet fickle dependence on foreign supporters, financiers, armourers, protectors and guardians.

Jordanians, Palestinians and Israelis stand on the threshhold not only of their own future, but perhaps also of the future of others around the world who seek signs of equitable and democratic national development and productive regional integration, free of the debilitating constraints that have defined much of the South in the last several hundred

The task now is how to differentiate between the modern historical national identities and political rights of each of these three communities, while affirming the ancient historical forces that always compelled the three to work together as an integrated unit in order to maximise their viability and to assure a decent standard of living for their people. The signing of the economic, political and security accords that we have witnessed in recent weeks and months represents a serious attempt to achieve precisely this — to affirm independent national identities and rights to Jordan, Palestine and Israel, while promoting economic integration and collective regional

growth and prosperity.

3. The future: The future welfare of Jordanians, Israelis and Palestinians will reflect their ability to emerge from this peace-making transitional interlude positioned in a manner that allows them to a) alleviate their contemporary material and economic constraints, b) reconcile their complex demographic mesh, c) affirm their distinct political and national

identities, and d) build on their proven individual strengths to assure their collective future stability and progress.

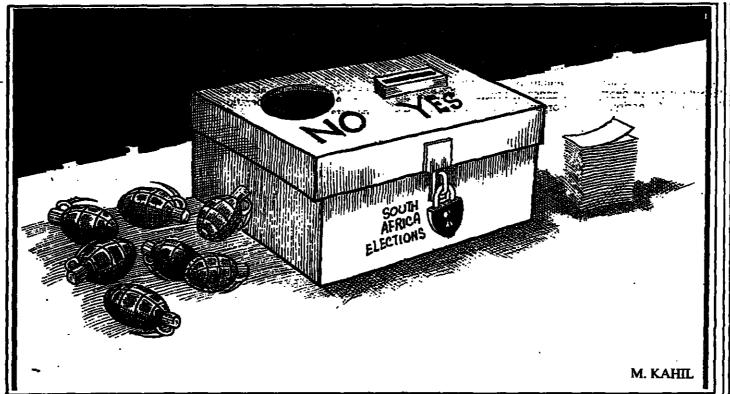
A Jordanian-Palestinian confederation is a realistic accommodation to contemporary political realities; it could also be the first step towards a broader, more logical national reconfiguration of a Levantine region of Semites - Arabs and Israelis — who have been plagued this century with national fragmentation, socio-economic distress and embarrassing foreign dependency. A Jordanian-Palestinian confederation will have close economic ties with Israel and with larger neighbours such as Syria, Iraq, Egypt and the Arabian Peninsula.

A Jordanian-Palestinian confederation in the short term, and a possible Jordanian-Palestinian-Israeli trifederal, Benelux-type association in the longer run, would be well placed to prosper and to generate further international respect and support, because of the impressive attributes that these three entities enjoy: a strategic geographic location that augurs well for trade, tourism and transit traffic; a skilled and educated workforce, with a proven private sector component; strong political and economic support from the rest of the world; relatively balanced economies that are not heavily dependent on a single sector; a young but nevertheless serious commitment to democracy, pluralism and human rights; and, perhaps most importantly, a shared modern experience of challenging, often suffering, statehood — one that should prompt their people and governments in the future to honour humanism, participatory decision-making and regional socio-economic integration as the defining values of their political culture and economic systems.

A Jordanian-Palestinian-Israeli combine can provide a realistic, durable model of trans-national socio-economic integration as the antidote to narrow, simplistic, made-in-Europe post-1920 nationalisms. They can provide an honourable democratic alternative to the Middle East's modern state legacy of militarism, autocracy and authoritarianism. They can provide a fresh, moving, living formula for ethnic and religious pluralism and tolerance in a region that has been wracked by imperial manipulation, fearful tribalism and religious extrem-

The 20th century has confined us to an intellectually, politically and spiritually insulting debate about small pieces of land, micro-populations, and blinkered visions of the future. What European colonialism and post-colonial American electoral frenzy and predatory commercial extravaganza have torn asunder, we have an opportunity to put back together again at this important historical juncture of Levantine transformation and rebirth. This time, however, unlike 1920 and 1948, we face the critical challenge and the opportunity to engage in the process of nation-building and statecraft in a more coherent, merciful and meaningful manner - most importantly, by consulting the people whose destinies will be

determined by the diplomatic negotiations underway today. Jordanians, Palestinians and Israelis stand on the threshhold not only of their own future, but perhaps also of the future of others around the world who seek signs of equitable and democratic national development and productive regional integration, free of the debilitating constraints that have defined much of the South in the last several hundred years.



The lessons from South Africa

APART FROM the broad. hasic similarities between the two racialist states, apartheid South Africa and the Jewish state of Israel, there are both similarities and differences in the way in which they are, at long last, transferring power to those whom they have ruled — the blacks and the Palestinians; the Israelis, of course, being the counter-parts of the South African

Because of the basic similarities in their geo-political situation, there was, over the years, close and cordial, but covert, relations between Israel and South Africa; covert because of world disapproval of apartheid. But some things could not be hidden, such as the comings and goings between the Jewish state and the wealthy pro-Zionist South African Jewish community, trade ties despite an international boycott against South Africa and the fact that South African airways regularly plied the route to Israel. There has been strong suspicion that the two countries cooperated in the nuclear field but firm evidence of this has been difficult to find.

When South Africa saw that it had to yield, somewhat, to external pressure it did so by creating black "homelands", or Bantustans, within South Africa. In these hometowns, the world was told, blacks would "run their own affairs." Those very same words are being used to put a gloss on two Palestinian Bantustans, in Gaza and Jericho, which are coming into being at this moment,

beration Organisation's (PLO) acceptance of the Oslo accord.

Indeed the Palestinians have made no bones about describing Gaza-Jericho as "Bantustans", while Israel refers to them as "autonomous" areas or areas of "limited self-rule."

Though the Israelis would like to make this first step the last step too and to yield nothing more, there is no question that Gaza-Jericho First is definitely not the final solution. On the other hand, South Africa fooled itself. and tried to fool the world, that the Bantustan formula was the final solution, hence the use of the permanentsounding word "homelands". But the world was not fooled by the Bantustans and that word acquired a pejorative, contemptuous overtone.

Things are very similar in the case of Gaza and Jericho. After an initial burst of completely artificial cuphoria, in which the Arabs and Palestinians shared, most of the Palestinians and many Arabs have now woken up to the fact the Gaza-Jericho is a snare and a delusion; but not the pro-Western Arabs, like Egypt and the Gulf states, nor the Western countries and the pro-Western allies, like Turkey and Japan.

The West persists in seeing Nobel Peace prize.

Gaza-Jericho as a great. peaceful achievement for which someone may yet win a South Africa was brought to its senses by long-term

consistent pressure from its

Western friends and trading

partners. On the other hand,

because the PLO has conferred respectability on Israel, particularly through the Rabin-Arafat handshake, the West, as in the past, is not applying any pressure on Israel to implement numerous U.N. resolutions telling it to leave occupied Arab territory. Indeed, Israel's ties with the outside world are presently being strengthened; as with the Vatican.

Instead, the West is putting pressure, not on Israel, but on the Arabs to lift even the minimal boycott that they have been applying on the Jewish state. And while the sanctions

against South Africa were eventually lifted, it was at the request of the blacks because the whites had begun, seriously, to dismantle the structure of apartheid. The West is asking the Arabs to cancel their boycott at the very time when Israel is strengthening its version of apartheid through continuing and tightening its "closure" of the West Bank and Gaza from Israel "proper." It imposed this closure after the Hebron mosque massacre. The pretext for the closure is to give security to the Israelis, the whites, from socalled "terrorist" attacks by

the Palestinians, the blacks. But the result has been to produce a divided, segregated society indistinguishable from that of apartheid South Africa. Instead of the hated South African passbook, the Palestinians have to have separate passes for any sort of movement, especially for work, between the closed-off area and Israel and East Jerusalem, the Palestinian capital.

Just as in South Africa even those persons licensed to work in the white-Israeli area, can only be there during the day and have to take themselves out at night. As in South Africa, workers have to spend many hours each day travelling to and from their separate and safely fardistant homes and their places of work.

The Bantustans were really seen by the South African whites as the final solution of their racial problem. They have not lasted and the whole system collapsed almost immediately after the apartheid structure was removed. As its name denotes, Gaza-Jericho First is seen, by the Palestimans, as only an intermediate stage to something more comprehensive — but, the Israelis insist, not to an independent Palestinian state, which is the only thing the Palestinians really want.

The Israeli Bantustans. therefore, are in an awkward position. They confer a degree of self-rule that should, supposedly, satisfy and stave off the Palestinian desire for independence. As a longterm substitute for independence Gaza-Jericho First will not work any more than the Bantustans staved off oneman one-vote democracy in South Africa. Indeed what is happening in South Africa should teach the Israelis that clear and simple lesson. But it is a lesson that the Israelis will never learn because of their Zionist belief that their "Promised Land" was promised to the Jews and only to them. They show no sign of being prepared to share it --not even with the original

LETTERS

Can we remarket Arabism?

WHERE DID we go wrong? The 60s generation, the bright eyed young Arab intellectuals now in their late forties and fifties - All bright, many highly successful, all unhappy with the state of affairs.

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Perhaps at no other time than now has the need for cool-headed, measured thinking been more needed. Arabism, that sense of identity, is being threatened, to a point where perhaps a hundred years from now the word Arab will be relegated to history. The Arab World is now the "Middle East." Syria, Lebanon, Jordan and Egypt are the "Eastern Mediterranean region." Others are the Mediterranean Basin or North Africa. Our national dishes are either Greek, Turkish, or even "national Israeli" dishes. In time, we are slowly being robbed of anything and everything that makes us feel what we are. Worse of all, each of us is content or even fighting hard to be packaged as either a Kuwaiti, Lebanese, Jordanian, Egyptian or Palestinian, with no sense of historic depth which would make us realise that these are but newly created identities that are less than 50 years old. Just a bunch of ill-defined small enclaves with no sense or hope

for survival. The old Arabists were idealistic to the point of being naive. They underestimated the forces of those who are threatened by Arab nationalism. Any of us would have laughed at anyone suggesting that it would be possible for Arahs to fight each other and not Israel 20 years on. Worse still, any of us would have thought it unthinkable that we even consider removing the embargo against Israel while thoroughly choking almost to the point of extinction another Arab nation.

Selling Arabism again needs knowledge of market tactics and understanding the strength of the media in shaping the attitudes of the Arab masses. It needs a breed of committed realists who still feel the dream worthwhile. Funnily enough, even as a business venture, Arabism would be highly successful. Would anyone care to invest?

> Najwa Khuri-Bulos M.D., Professor of Pediatrics, Jordan University Hospital,

Job well done

To the Editor:

REFERRING TO the recent fire in the Amman Forte Grand hotel, in which I was staying at the time, I would like to thank the staff and public services for their prompt action in putting out the fire, as well as the rescue work and clearance of smoke, which enabled me to leave my room on the third floor, I would also like to thank the hospitality of the Marriott Hotel, which provided refreshment and breakfast for those

> Dennis Goodwin, Kendal, England

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

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Agreement on the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area

Following is the text of a draft agreement dated April 28, 1994, between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation obtained by the Jordan Times:

The government of the State of Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), the representative of the Palestinian people;

Presmble

WITHIN the framework of the Middle East peace process mitiated at Madrid in Octobere 1991; REAFFIRMING their determination to live in peaceful coexist-

ence, mutual dignity and security while recognising their mutual legitimate and political rights; REAFFIRMING their adherence to the mutual recognition and

commitments expressed in the letters dated September 9, 1993, signed by and exchanged between the Prime Minister of Israel and the Chairman of the PLO:

REAFFIRMING their understanding that the interim self-government arrangements, including the arrangements to apply in the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area contained in this agreement, are an integral part of the whole peace process and that the negotiations on the permanent status will lead to the implementation of Security Council Resolution 242 and 338; DESIROUS of putting into effect the Declaration of Principles of interim self-government arrangements signed at Washington, D.C. on September 13, 1993, and the agreed minutes thereto (hereinafter "the Declaration of Principles"), and in particular the protocol on withdrawal of Israeli forces from the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area;

HEREBY AGREE to the following arrangements regarding the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area:

Definition of the Gaza Strip and Jericho area

1. For the purpose of this agreement, the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area are delineated on map Nos. 1 and 2 attached to this

2. The two sides view the West Bank and the Gaza Strip as a single territorial unit, the integrity of which will be preserved during the interim period.

Article Scheduled Withdrawal of Israeli Military Forces

1. Israel shall implement an accelerated and scheduled withdrawal of Lraeli military forces from the Gaza Strip and from the Jericho area beginning immediately with the signing of this agreement and to be completed within three weeks from this

2. Subject to the arrangements included in Annex I, the Israeli withdrawal shall include evacuating all military bases and other fixed installations to be handed over to the Palestinian police.

3. In order to carry out Israel's responsibility for external security and for internal security and public order of Israeli settlements and Israelis, concurrently with the withdrawal, Israel will redeploy its remaining military forces to the Israeli settlement areas, Israeli settlements and the military installation area shown on map No. 1, in accordance with the provisions of this agreement. Subject to the provisions of this agreement, this redeployment shall constitute full implementation of Article XIII of the Declaration of Principles with regard to the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area (P:only).

4. For the purpose of this agreement, "Israeli military forces" may include Israel police; and other Israeli security forces. 5. (I: Israelis, including Israeli military forces) (P: Israeli military forces and civilians) may continue to use roads freely within the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area. (P: Annex I includes provisions allowing Palestinians to use freely certain roads within the Israeli settement areas.)

6. The Palestinian police force shall be deployed and shall assume responsibility for public order and internal security of Palestinians in accordance with this agreement and its annex I.

Article Jurisdiction

(Note: This article is being addressed by the legal committee).

Article Tranfer of Authority

1. Israel shall transfer authority as specified in this agreement from the Israeli military government and its civil administration to a Palestmian authority, hereby established, in accordance with article — (jurisdiction) of this agreement, except for the authority that Israel shall continue to exercise as specified in this

As regards the transfer and assumption of authority in civil spheres, powers and responsibilities shall be transferred and numed as set out in the protocol concerning civil affairs

3. The Palestinian authority shall have the structure described in annex II, article I (I: and shall be comprised of the members listed therein) (P: ThePLO shall inform the government of Israel of the names of the members of the Palestinian Authority and

4. Arrangements for a smooth and peaceful transfer of the agreed powers and responsibilities are set out in amex II.

5. Upon the completion of the Israeli withdrawal and the transfer of powers and responsibilities as detailed in paragraph Nos. 1 and 2 above and in annex II, the civil administration in the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area will be dissolved and the Israeli military government will be withdrawn. The withdrawal of the military government shall not prevent it from continuing to exercise the powers and responsibilities specified in this

6. A joint civil affairs coordination and cooperation committee and two joint regional civil affairs sub-committee for the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area respectively will be established in order to provide for coordination and cooperation in civil affairs between the Palestinian authority and Israel, as detailed in

7. The offices of the Palestinian authority shall be located in the Gaza Strip and Jericho area pending the inauguration of the council to be elected pursuant to the Declaration of Principles.

Article Legislative Powers of the Palestinian Authority

The Palestinian authority will have the power, within its jurisdiction to promulgate legislation, including basic laws, laws,

regulations and other legislative acts. 2. Legislation promulgated by the Palestinian authority shall be consistent with the provisions of this agreement, (I: and shall not discriminate on the basis of race, colour, sex, language,

religion, political persuasion, nationality or social origin).

3. Legislation which exceeds the jurisdiction of the Palestinian authority of which is inconsistent with the provisions of this agreement shall be null and void.

4. Legislation to of the Palestinian Authority shall to communicated to a legislation sub-committee to be established by the joint civil affairs coordination and cooperation committee (hereinafter "the legislation sub-committee)" for its review.

During a period of 30 days from the communication of the legislation, Israel may request that the Legislation Sub-Committee decide whether such legislation exceeds the jurisdication of the Palestinian authority or is otherwise inconsistent with the provisions of the agreement.

5. Upon the receipt of the Israel request, the legislation sub-committee shall decide, as an initial matter, on the entry into force of the legislation pending its decision on the merits of the

6. If the Legislation Sub-Committee is unable to reach a decision with regard to the entry-into force of the legislation within 15 days, this issue will be referred to a board of review,

within 12 days, this issue will be referred to a sound of review, comprised of two judges (or retired judges), one from each side. For this purpose, the two sides shall compile a list of six judges (or retired judges), three from each side, approved by both

sides. In order to allow fast-track proceedings before this board. of review, the two most senior judges (or retired judges), one from each side, shall develop written informal rules of procedures of those proceedings.

7. Legislation referred to the board of review shall enter into force only if the board of review decides that it does not deal with a security issue which falls under Israel's responsibility, that the alleged violation does not seriously threaten other significant Israeli interests protected by this agreement and that the entry into force of the legislation could not cause irreparable damage

8. The Legislation Sub-Committee shall attempt to reach a decision on the merits of the matter within 30 days from the date of the Israeli request. If this sub-committee is unable to reach such a decision within this period of 30 days, the matter shall be referred to the joint Israeli-Palestinian liaison committee.

9. Where the legislation has not entered into force pursuant to paragraph Nos. 5 or 7 above, such situation shall be maintained pending the decision of the joint Israel-Palestinian liaison committee on the merits of the matter, unless it has decided

10. Laws and military orders in effect in the Gaza Strip or Jericho area prior to the signing of this agreement shall remain in force, unless amended or abrogated in accordance with this

Article Arrangements for Security and Public Order

1. In order to guarantee public order and internal security for the Palestinians of the Gaza Strip and the Jericho areas, the Palestinian authority shall establish a strong police force, as set out in Article ... (PDPF) below. Israel shall continue to carry the responsibility for defence against external threats, including the responsibility for protecting the Egyptian border and the Jordanian line, and for defence against external threats from the sea and from the air, as well as the responsibility for overall security of Israelis and Israeli settlement for the purpose of safeguarding their internal security and public order.

2. Agreed security arrangements and coordination mechanisms are specified in annex I.

3. A joint coordination and cooperation committee for mutual security purposes, as well as three joint coordination and cooperation offices for the Gaza district, the Khan Yunis district and the Jericho district respectively, are hereby established as provided for in annex I.

4. The security arrangements provided for in this agreement. and in .annex I may be reviewed at the request of either party and may be amended by mutual agreement of the parties. Specific review arrangements are included in annex I.

Article The Palestinian Directorate of Police Force

1. In order to guarantee public order and internal security for the Palestinians in the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area, the Palestinian authority shall establish a strong police force — the Palestinian directorate of police force (hereinafter "the Palestinian police"). The duties, functions, structure, deployment and composition of the Palestinian police, together with provisions regarding its equipment and operation, are set out in annex I, artice... Rules of conduct governing the activities of the Palestinian police are set out in annex I, article..

2. Except for the Palestinian police referred to in this article and the Israeli military forces referred in article - no other armed forces shall be established or operate in the Gaza Strip or the Jericho area.

3. Except for the arms, amununition and equipment of the Palestinian police described in annex I, article - neither the Palestinian Authority, nor any organistion of individual in the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area, shall manufacture, sell, acquire, possess, import of otherwise introduce into the Gaza Strip or the Jericho Area, any firearms, ammunition, weapons explosives, gunpowder or any related equipment. 4. Notwithstanding paragraph 3. above:

(a) The Palestinian authority may grant licences permitting the owder for civilian use and supervise such use. Such liceusing and supervision shall be subject to the approval of the JSC. The JSC shall agree on standard conditions to be included in such licences, and on means of inspection and notification.

(b) Each side may grant licences permitting the possession and carrying of pistols for self defense purposes. Arrangements in this regard are set out in annex I, paragraph -

Passages

Arrangements for coordination between Israel and the Palestinian authority regarding the Gaza-Egypt and Jericho-Jordan passages, as well as any other agreed international crossings, are

set out in annex I, article... Safe Passage between the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area

Arrangements for safe passage of persons and transportation between the Gaza Strip and the Jericho area are set out in annex

Relations between Israel and the Palestinian authority

1. Israel and the Palestinian Authority shall seek to foster mutual understanding and tolerance and shall accordingly abstain from incitement, including hostile propaganda, against each other and, without derogating from the principle of freedom of expression, shall take legal measures to prevent such incitement by the organisations, groups of individuals within

2. Without derogating from the other provisions of this agreement, Israel and the Palestinian authority shall cooperate in combatting criminal activity which may affect both sides, including: offences related to the trafficking in illegal drugs and psychotropic substances, smuggling, and offences against property, including offences related to vehicles, such as theft of vehicles and vehicle parts.

Article

The economic relations between the two sides are set out in the Protocol on Economic Relations signed in Paris on April 29, 1994 and the Appendices thereto, attached as Annex IV, and will be governed by the relevant provisions of this agreement and

Article Human Rights and Rule of Law

Israel and the Palestinian authority shall exercise their powers and responsibilities, pursuant to this agreement, with due regardto international accepted norms and principles of human rights and the rule of law.

Article The Joint Israeli-Palestinian Liaison Committee

1. The joint Israeli-Palestinian liaison committee established pursuant to article X of the Declaration of Principles shall ensure the smooth implementation of this agreement. It shall deal with issues requiring coordination, other issues of common interest

2. The joint committee shall be composed of an equal number of members from each party. It may add other technicians and experts as necessary.

3. The joint committee shall adopt its rules of procedure, including the frequency and place or places of its meetings.

4. The joint committee shall reach its decisions by agreement.

Liaison and Cooperation with Jordan and Egypt 1. Pursuant to article XII of the Declaration of Principles, the two parties shall invite the governments of Jordan and Egypt to particiante in establishing further liaison and cooperation arrangements between the government of Israel and the Palestinian representatives on the one hand, and the governments of Jordan and Egypt, on the other hand, to promote cooperation between them. These arrangements shall include the constitution of a continuing committee.

2. The continuing committee shall decide by agreement on the modalities of admission of persons displaced from the West Bank and Gaza Strip in 1967, together with necessary measures to prevent disruption and disorder.

3. The continuing committee shall deal with other matters of common concern.

Article Settlement of differences and disputes

1. Any difference relating to the application of this agreement shall be referred to the appropriate coordination and cooperation mechanism under this agreement. The provisions of article XV of the Declaration of Principles shall apply to any such differences which is not settled through the appropriate coordination and liaison mechanism, namely:

(i) Disputes arising out of the application or interpretation of this agreement or any subsequent agreements pertaining to the interim period shall be settled by negotiations through the joint liaison committee.

Article Prevention of Hostile Acts

Both sides shall take all measures necessary in order to prevent acts of terrorism, crime and hostilities directed against each other, against individuals falling under the other's jurisdiction and against their property, and shall take legal measures against offenders. In this regard, the Palestinian side shall also take all measures necessary to prevent such hostile acts directed against the Israeli settlement areas and the infrastructure serving them and the military installation area.

Article Missing Israelis

The Palestinian authority shall cooperate with Israel by providing all necessary assistance in the conduct of searches by Israel within the Gaza Strip and the Jericho Area for missing

Article Confidence Building Measures

II: Israel and the Palestinian authority will implement confidence building measures, including the release of detainees and prisoners held by Israel, and the protection of persons who have or are believed to have cooperated or collaborated with Israel, as detailed in the protocol attached as Annex VII.]

Article Temporary International Presence

[P:1. The Parties agree to a temporary international presence in PNA (Palestine National Authority) territory, including international observers, instructors and other eleme

2. The international presence shall consist of qualified personnel from the donor countries. 3. A special fund from donor countries shall be established to

provide finance for this international presence and ensure its 4. The international presence may be renewed one year after

its deployment by agreement. 5. A trilateral cooperation and coordination mechanism shall be established.

6. Israel and the Palestinian authority shall negotiate a special protocol that will implement this article.]

Rights, Liabilities and Obligations

I. A. The transfer of the agreed powers and responsibilities to the Palestinian authority, as detailed in Annex II, includes all .: related rights, liabilities and obligations of the Israeli military government and its civil administration arising with regard to acts or omissions which occurred prior to the transfer. Israel will. cease to bear any financial responsibility regarding such acts 🐠 omissions and the Palestinian authority will bear all financial responsibility for these and for its own functioning.

B. Any financial claim made in this regard against Israel will be referred to the Palestinian authority.

C: Where legal proceedings are brought in respect of such a

claim, Israel will notify the Palestinian authority and enable it to participate in defending the claim. D. In the event that an award is made against Israel by any court or tribunal in respect of such a claim, the Palestinian

authority shall reimburse Israel the full amount of the award. C. Without prejudice to the above, where a court or tribunal hearing such a claim finds that liability rests solely with an employee or agent who acted beyond the scope of the powers assigned to him or her, the Palestinian authority shall not bear financial responsibility.

2. The transfer of authority in itself shall not affect rights, liabilities and obligations of any person or legal entity, in existence at the date of signing of this agreement.

Final Clauses

1. This agreement shall enter into force on the date of its

signing.

2. The arrangements established by this agreement shall remain in force until and to the extent superseded by the interim agreement referred to in the Declaration of Principles or any other agreement between the parties.

3. The five-year transitional period referred to in the Declaration of Principles shall commence on...

4. As part of Israel's responsibility for external security in accordance with this agreement, in the event of the outbreak of general hostilities or the imminent threat of such hostilities, or where the Palestinian authority is unable to prevent attacks against Israeli settlements or Israelis so that their security is threatened, Israel may take all measures necessary to respond to such events, including the introduction of additional military forces wherever required, until the termination of the hostilities or the removal of the threat.

5. The parties agree that, as long as this agreement is in force, the security feace erected by Israel around the Gaza Strip shall remain in place and that the line demarcated by the fence, as shown on map no. 1, shall be authoritative only for the purpose

6. Nothing in this agreement shall prejudice or preempt the outcome of the negotiations on the interim agreement or on the permanent status to be conducted pursuant to the Declaration of Principles. Neither party shall be deemed by virtue of having entered into this agreement, to have renounced or waived any of its existing rights, claims or positions.

7. The Gaza Strip and the Jericho area will continue to be an

integral part of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, and their status shall not be changed for the period of this agreement. Nothing in this agreement shall be considered to change this

8. The preamble to this agreement, and all annexes, appeadices and maps attached hereto, shall constitute an integral part hereof. ereof.

Done at Cairo this 4th day of May, 1994.

For the government of Israel

For the PLO

CANCELLATION OF RECEPTION

Joining the Jordanian family in mourning the passing of Her Majesty the Queen Mother Zeine Al Sharaf,

Ideal Systems (Apple Computer authorised dealer in Jordan) announces the cancellation of its reception which was to be inaugurated under the patronage of his Royal Highness Abdullah Bin Al Hussein on the occasion of opening its computer exhibition (POWER 94) at the Amman Marriott Hotel on Tuesday, May 3rd, 1994 at 6pm.

The exhibition will be open from Wednesday morning, May 4th, 1994 till Friday evening, May 6th, 1994 from 10am - 2pm and from 4pm - 9:30pm.

We take this opportunity to extend our sincere and heartfelt condolences to His Majesty King Hussein and to the Royal Hashemite Family.

May her soul rest in peace.



Ideal Systems (headquarters) 157 Zahran St., P.O. Box 182756 Amman 11118 Jordan

Main Tel. 688123, Main Fax. 687476

ide:

France and Britain hope tunnel holds vision of the future

By Paul Taylor

PARIS — For Franco-British relations, the outlook might be described as tunnel at the end of the light.

The official inauguration of

the Channel Tunnel on May 6, creating a land link be tween Britain and continental Europe for the first time since the last Ice Age, ought to be a landmark event opening a new era in relations.

Queen Elizabeth and President Francois Mitterrand will open the tunnel at ceremonies in Calais and Folkestone and travel through it in a train carrying the royal Rolls-

Because of technical delays, the massively overbudget rail link will not open on schedule for freight or

The operators have announced that passenger traffic will begin only after the summer holiday season.
The opening of the tunnel symbolises the false starts that have characterised a relationship sealed in 1904 as

the Entente Cordiale but which is often neither cordial Since World War II. Franco-British relations have hobbled from one new dawn to another without ever shaking off the rivalry, mutual

suspicion and difference of purpose that made the two countries hereditary enemies for centuries. In spite of the forthcoming celebration of the 50th anniversary of the D-Day landings, the turning point against Nazi Germany in World War II, it is sometimes hard to imagine that Britain and France were allies in two

world wars and are partners in NATO, the U.N. Security

By Nicholas Kotch

TAMALE, Ghana — As he

ame out of the operating

theatre, his green tunic

soaked in sweat, the Mad-

men's Doctor wanted to

now the news from Rwan-

Told of the latest

stomach-churning atrocity

committed by soldiers and

tribal militias in the central

African hell, he shook his

"It's terrible, terrible.

When will they stop?"

Asked Dr. David Abdulai,

a folk hero in his home

town of Tamale, northern

Dr. Abdulai, his wife

Doris and their team of

volunteer doctors and

nurses are Tamale's safety

net. They heal and feed the

sick, the hungry and the usane, people left behind

y the West African coun-

ry's single-minded pursuit

f economic structural

und unconditional medical

ervices to the poor and

"We are a last resort,

irrespective of sex, race,

We offer absolutely free

head.

Ghana.

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destitute.

The French still tend to see "the Anglo-Saxons," a term that refers to both Britain and the United States, as their main adversaries in finance, trade and European integration — and as a permanent threat to their lan-

guage.
The British tend to see the French as trying to drag them into a centralised, overregulated, spendthrift Europe and drive a wedge between them and the United

Officials on both sides acknowledge France still looks instinctively to Germany as its favoured partner, while Britain looks to Washington
— and often Bonn — before

Twelve million visitors cross the channel each year without the tunnel, but old resentments lurk just below the surface.

The slightest fishing dis-pute is enough to set British ministers invoking the Hundred Years' War, a period of almost incessant battles between the two countries that began in the mid-14th cen-

tury.
Britain's popular press gleefully seizes on any excuse for "frog bashing", an atti-tude encouraged at times in the 1980s by the Eurosceptical government of Margaret Thatcher.

Some Britons believe General Charles de Gaulle, who launched his call to resist the Nazi occupation of France from exile in London, betrayed his World War II allies by twice slamming the door to the European economic community in Britain's face — in 1963 and 1967.

Wartime British Prime Minister Sir Winston Churchill once joked of the Gaullist emblem of free France: "We all have our crosses to bear, mine is the cross of

Lorraine." The general later explained his move in keeping Britain out by saying it was "an island entirely surrounded by

Just before Britain finally joined in 1973, the queen said in a celebrated speech in France: "While it is true that we do not drive on the same side of the road, it is also true that we are going in the same direction.'

Two decades later, many French people doubt that. Thatcher's epic battles for budget rebates and against closer European integration left a bitter taste.

Foreign affairs commentator Jacques Julliard of the weekly Le Nouvel Observateur speaks for many Frenchmen when he argues that it was a mistake to let Britain into the European Union because the British are fundamentally anti-

Hopes rose in Paris when Thatcher was removed in 1990 that her successor, John Major, who took office vowing that Britain wanted to be at the heart of Europe, would usher in a period of closer

In spite of their comradeship in arms in the Gulf War and in Bosnia, the French were soon disillusioned. Officials privately see Major as too weak or too much a prisoner of EU critics in his party to pursue European integration positively.

A fight over EU voting rules illustrated how far apart

they remain. Nevertheless, both governments seem intent on using this Franco-British spring to

show that their relationship, as Mark Twain once wrote of Wagner's music, is not as bad as it sounds.

A brochure called "The Entente Cordiale Today". jointly produced by the two foreign ministries to mark this month's 90th anniversary of the Entente Cordiale Treaty ending Franco-British colonial disputes, is resolutely optimistic.

"France and Britain have been friends, natural allies and healthy competitors — for over 150 years. We complement each other," British Foreign Secretary Douglas Hurd and his French counterpart Alain Juppe wrote in a

joint preface.
"The bond between France and Britain is strong and last-ing... the habit of shared analysis, consultation and joint action, already strong, is becoming instinctive," they

The brochure stressed the intensity of Franco-British trade, industrial cooperation, military and cultural links even if some joint ventures, such as the Concorde supersonic aircraft or the Anglo-French Suez expedition in 1956, ended in failure.

With understatement more typical of the English, the Secretary-General of the Foreign Ministry, Betrand Dufourcq, told British Ambassador Sir Christopher Mallaby at an anniversary ceremony how highly Paris valued British support in Europe "when we receive

Mallaby responded by quoting the 19th century French science fiction writer Jules Verne, who said: "The channel prevents two peoples who were made to get along well together from shaking each other's hand. I shall dig a railway tunnel."

Madmen's Doctor a good man in Africa

creed, religion or whatever," said Dr. Abdulai.

He took a life-changing olunge in 1989, when he resigned as Tamale's district medical officer and started the clinic on scrubland at

After a first medical degree in Ghana, a second at Liverpool in Britain and a spell working in Zambia, Dr. Abdulai was all set for a successful and lucrative

"I came back to Ghana and saw the rising cost of public health care. I decided it wasn't right and gave up my well-paid government job," he said.

The people of Tamale call him the "Madmen's Doctori. Every day he or a colleague get into a pick-up and distribute rations to the half-naked, dreadlocked men who roam the streets and markets of Tamale, as they do in every West Afri-

can city, "People think I put sedatives into the food but I

don't. They caim down naturally, just knowing they

will be fed." The surgical team gulp mugs of water, slowly cooling off after the morning's toil in the operating theatre. The clinic is now on the electricity grid and the generator's batteries have packed up. A solar panel turns the theatre into a fur-

"We had to amputate a women's leg. She has cancer," Dr. Abdulai explained.

That day's good news was about the paralysed patient brought to the clinic after a government hospital refused him treatment. He could not afford the laboratory tests.

"That man now has some movement in all his limbs. It is very encouraging," said

Dr. Abdulai. He says the clinic receives no subsidy from government and no regular sup-

port from international

"Everything comes from

individuals and friends or friends of friends. When we run out of money we look for more. "All the staff here have

been told they will not receive regular salaries. I pay them when I can afford to, he said. Dr. Abdulai said he was

giving food regularly to 2,000 of the 130,000 villagers displaced by ethnic fighting this year in the Tamale region.

He considers the army's relief efforts "very ineffective" and is unimpressed by the slow response of foreign aid agencies based in Tamale. "I saw the food and medical relief simply was not reaching many refugees."

Self-help accounts for the clinic's steady expansion since 1989. The wards are 60 circular thatched huts. identical to those in northern Ghana's villages.

"I have an agreement with local communities. Each one is responsible for building and maintaining a hut where patients from their community will stay. It's up to them to do the repairs," Dr. Abdulai said.

By Rodney Pinder Reuter

JOHANNESBURG — After history's page has turned this week and South Africa becomes a democracy, its new black leader may reflect that nothing in his life of trial and struggle has prepared him for what lies ahead.

Apartheid has died but its harsh legacy remains.

President Nelson Mandela

 he is projected the winner by all the polls - devoted most of his 75 years, including 27 years in prison, to this

But analysts say he will find that the election was only one of the obstacles on the path to full black libera-

Three hundred years of white domination and segregation and four decades of its ultimate form, apartheid, have created two nations: an impoverished, largely ignorant, violence-ridden black mass with an affluent, welleducated white layer on top.

The president's overriding, task will be to heal hatreds nurtured by the white minor-ity to divide and rule, and to elevate the hungry masses while not scaring off the privileged who created Africa's richest economy largely for themselves.

With a less than sympathetic white-dominated civil service and a questionably-loyal army and police, he will face a myriad of problems.

Néver far from his sights will be the winner-takes-all election of 1999 that will replace the multiparty interim government of national unity to be voted in this week:

Mandela's African National Congress says the nation is in a mess: 17 million people below the poverty line, five million - 30 per cent of adults — unable to get work, seven million homeless, nine million illiterate, four million without clean water.

With a population of 40 million, South Africa generates two-thirds of the gross domestic product of tiny Belgium which has a quarter of the people. The economy has been skewed to provide a California lifestyle for five

million whites.
The ANC plans a U.S. \$11 billion, five-year reconstruc-tion and development programme. The National Party. fighting to retain power after renouncing its apartheid past, says the ANC's housing, health and education plan will swallow double that money in its first year.

On top of that, the new leader must seek to address the land hunger of a people systematically stripped of their farms, the iniquitous migrant hostel system, desertified and bankrupt tribal homelands and their corrupt bureaucracies, women reduced to third class citizenship — and a domestic crime rate that makes the

United States look sedate. He must also stem political violence that has killed 15,000 people since Africa's last white president, F.W. de Klerk, lifted apartheid's lid from black politics four years

Much of the violence stems from a death struggle in rural Natal not only between the ANC and Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha, but between modern democracy and the deeply traditional ways of omnipotent chiefs and witchdoctors.

It was by no means certain that Buthelezi's eleventhhour decision to take part in



nesburg (AFP photo)

Apartheid legacy will haunt S. Africa's black leaders

or in exile.

the election signalled peace. He says he will boycott the overnment of N ty, threatening further estrangement with the prob-

able dominant party. Against the deep-seated enmity of the two giants of black politics, the hostility of the pro-apartheid white right, exemplified by the brownshirted neo-Nazis of the Afrikaner resistance movement, is seen by analysts as a lesser

The white right blusters. but it sounds like canute railing against the tide of history that has swept through Africa. De Klerk foresees urban guerrilla violence, like the bombing that shook Johannesburg on Sunday, for some time ahead, but predicts it will be "manageable".

Whites voted 2-1 for change leading to black majority rule in a referendum two years ago. Analysts say conservative whites are too weighed down by jobs and mortgages to contemplate lives under arms in the bush

Mandela promises "harsh" action against troublemakers after the election. Analysts agree he will have to be tough, but some say his main source of concern may arise from his own supporters township youths alienated by apartheid and expecting the world next week as reward for their resistance, and a deep-rooted culture of pro-

test in the labour movement. Their most articulate champion is Mandela's estranged wife Winnie, who already accuses the ANC's leaders of slipping between silk sheets, seduced by big

Author Rian Malan wrote in Fair Lady Magazine of the 'joy'' whites will feel at watching their nemesis the ANC "Cleaning up the mess we've left behind... trying to collect rents in Soweto, or forcing its juvenile petrolbombers and stone-throwers to siddown, shaddup and listen to teacher.

Mandela, the towering giant of black South African

politics, will assume the African mantle of Ghana's Kwame Nkrumah and Tanzania's Julius Nyrere, but no will hope to avoid the mistakes that turned their nations into basket cases.

"I see a government that will be careful" to avoid the populist pitfalls of the rest of Africa, says Nedbank chief economist Edward Osborn:

"The lessons have been learned.

A regional diplomat said Mandela starts his journey with more advantages than other African leaders - a large industrial and sophisticated banking and business structure — but also more fearsome problems, not least hot-headed black and white South Africans' propensity to reach for their guns.

Zimbabwe's white Transport Minister Denis Norman. who successfully bridged his country's transformation from white-ruled Rhodesia, predicted: "It will not be as good as many hope, but not so had as they fear."

Islamic movements urged to define goals, engage in dialogue

By Berta Gomez

WASHINGTON — The "conflicting signals" sent by Islamic political movements around the world have contributed to the West's misunderstanding of their goals, believes one prominent American Muslim.

"All Islamic movements should have specific programmes to prove to themselves and to their people and to us in the West that they deserve to rule," said Abdurahman Alamondi, executive director of the American Muslim Council.

He cited the example of Islamic activists in Algeria, whom he described as having failed to articulate a consistent message and whose stated goals range from the "logical" to the "negative." Mr. Alamoudi was speaking on a recent USIA Worldnet television dialogue with

journalists and scholars in

Amman, Casablanca and.

Sanaa. He was joined in

Washington by Abdul Aziz

Said, a professor of International Relations at American

"Our brothers in the Middle East and Muslim countries are playing an important role in developing their countries and their political systems," Mr. Alamoudi said of the growing number of political groups with an Islamic

orientation. But he and Mr. Said warned that this positive message is not being fully com-municated to the U.S. gov-ernment and public. Mr. Said indicated that the White House and State Department are generally open-minded towards Islamic political movements, but expressed scepticism about the attitude of some members of the U.S.

Congress. One participant in Casablanca expressed dismay over the frequent characterisation of the Islamic revival as a 'violent movement" and asked whether Western Muslims were sufficiently organised to combat that

COMMITTED OF MICHYMITY.

community in the West united in such a way as to play a role and seek our help so that we can fulfill our duty?" asked the Moroccan partici-

American Muslims, Mr. Alamoudi responded, have only recently begun to organise themselves politically He added that one of their goals is to enlarge the "circle of dialogue" that includes the U.S. government, Arab and Muslim governments, and Islamic movements around the world.

A scholar in Amman took issue with the Western use of the word "fundamentalist" to describe Islamic political movements. "Fundamentalism is a western product" and not applicable to Muslims, who agree on the sources of Islam, said the Jordanian scholar. He conveyed concern over what he termed the campaign against official Islam" and the power of the pro-Israel lobby, asking: "Why can't U.S. Muslims

bring more balance (to the debate)?"
Muslims in the United

States "have full liberty within the American law and hope eventually to create a strong Arab and Islamic lobbying group, Mr. Ala-moudi responded. "But you have to cooperate with us and be patient with us, in order that we can be strong in this country," he said to the participants in Jordan, Yemen and Morocco.

Middle Easterners, said Dr. Said, have a "cultural duty" to help Arab-Americans and Muslim-Americans define and crystallise the issues that are driving political Islam in their part of the world. "We need to teach about the fact of Islamic movements and Islam in general," he said. "Islamic organisations in the United States and the West need a media strategy from the Islamic world, to help (them)." Mr. Alamoudi suggested that the problem of "conflict-

pounded by the reports of violence attributed to some Islamic groups. The anti-government and anti-Western violence of Muslim organisations in Egypt, for example, "has harmed that country and it has harmed us," he He said that American

Muslim groups have repeatedly condemned acts of political violence, and called upon their counterparts in the Middle East to take similarly clear positions.

Political violence is "unacceptable," even if it is carried out under the banner of a just cause, Mr. Alamoudi declared. "There are many martyrs among Palestinians... but this does not permit us, as Muslims, to shoot one single bullet without being blamed," he said.

He was also critical of the Islamic regime in Sudan, arguing that its style of government is in conflict with Muslim values. USIA.

Israeli dreams in Gulf unrealistic

By Youssef Azmeh

Reuter

DUBAI - Israeli dreams of conquering the lucrative markets of the Arab Gulf states are premature and largely unrealistic. Gulf-based businessmen and diplomats

They were commenting on the apparent euphoria of Israeli officials who visited a Gulf state for the first time when Oman hosted multilateral talks spawned by the 1991 Middle East peace conference in Madrid.

"It is totally out of proportion," one senior Omani official said. "I do not understand all this talk about breakthroughs," he added.

The visit allowed the Israelis their first official contact with a wide range of political and economic figures and gave the Israelis. who came in force to Muscat, an opportunity to mix relatively freely with Gulf Arabs.

"They were understand-ably delighted," said a West-ern diplomat, "It broke the ice and was an important first step towards recognition. But they seem to have mistaken the genuine friendliness." he added.

Another Western diplomats said Israeli political leaders trying to win support for the peace process may be playing up the prospects of a mouth-watering market in the Arab Gulf states that import goods worth some \$45

billion a year. The senior Omani official said the Israelis, headed by Deputy Foreign Minister Yossi Beilin, were told normal relations, economic or political, were out of the question ahead of peace between Israel and its immediate neighbours.

We told them (the Israelis) - we will follow your neighbours. We will never be ahead of them in establishing political or economic relations," he said.

"This is not just the position of Oman but of all states of the GCC." he said, referring to the Gulf Cooperation Council that joins Bahrain, Kuwait. Qatar, Oman Saudi Arabia and the United Arab

Gulf officials said that Qutar and Bahrain, due to host further rounds of multilateral talks this year, had made clear they were doing so primarily to underline the

commitment of the Arab Gulf states to the U.S.-sponsored Madrid peace process.
"We told the Israelis they were misguided if they thought any of us (in the Gulf) would be willing to move ahead of the neighbouring states," the Omani official said.

There is no prospect of meaningful relations before they have their treaties signed and scaled with Syria, Jordan. Lebanon and the Palestinians," he added. "You will not see an Israeli

ambassador in Muscat before you see one in Damascus, said another Omani official This position was underlined by Omani Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Youssef Bin Alawi Bin Abdullah in an interview with

reporters who accompanied

Mr. Beilin to Oman. If peace is achieved between Israel and Syria, we can start looking to the future... But one cannot foresee peace between you in Israel and a distant country (like Oman) at a time when there is no agreement on peaceful steps with the neighbouring (Arab) states." he

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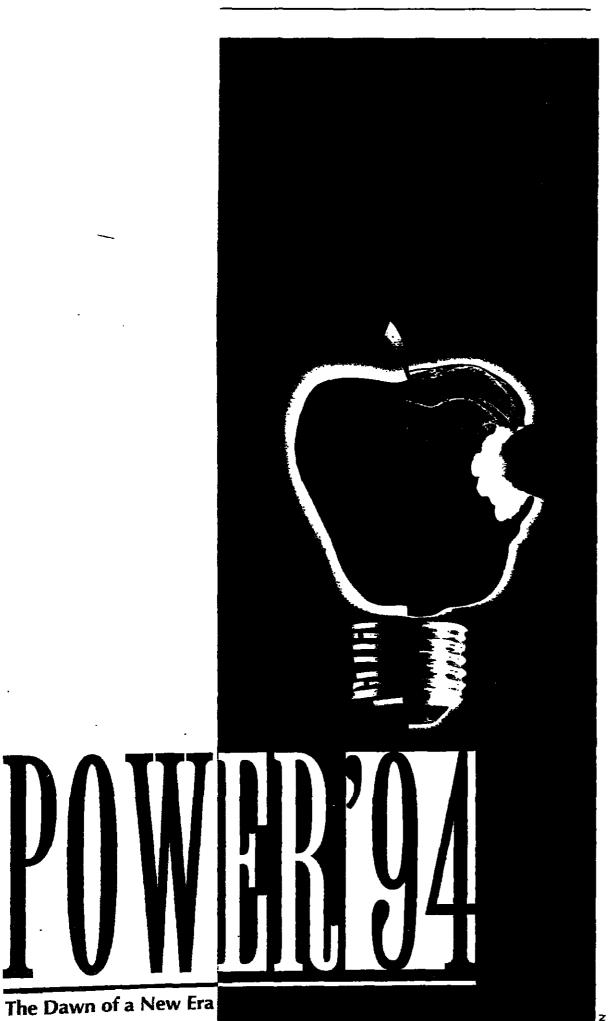
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The launch of the Power Macintosh in Jordan

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Back in January 24, 1984, Apple introduced the Macintosh and changed the face of computing. And one decade later, Apple is preparing everyone for the next revolution, the Power Macintosh.

It is therefore our pleasure to welcome you to Power'94, Ideal Systems' most significant marketing event since the company's inception, marking the official introduction of the Power Macintosh in Jordan. This new generation of Macintosh Systems bound to revolutionise the world of personal computing, is based on the PowerPC microprocessors, the fruit of

co-operation between Apple, IBM™ and MotorolaTM: and is being heralded as the potentially defacto standard for the entire industry to follow.

Power PC technology will create the foundation for a new generation of faster, more powerful Macintosh software. It will allow Apple to provide significant performance increase and new capabilities while preserving compatibility with existing Macintosh applications and peripherals.

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LOCATION: AMMAN MARRIOTT HOTEL DATES: MAY 4, 5 & 6 TIMES: 10am-2pm& 4pm-9:30pm

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POWERPC TECHNOLOGY 5pm Wed, May 4 loam Thu. May 5 5pm Pri, May 6

A must see seminar. Discover the power behind the next generation of Macintosh Systems that is reviutionising the world of personal computing.

Ham Wed, May4 The best Computer Aided Design application available now on the

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IDEALSOFT BUSINESS SOLUTIONS 7pm Wed, May 4 Find out how you can efficiently run your office using IdealSoft's

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INTERACTIVE PRESENTATIONS 12pm Thu, May 5 How to best utilise Apple's

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LINOTYPE-HELL. 5pm Thu, May 5 Take a first-hand look at the latest releases from Linotype-Hell, the world-leader in pre-press technology.

4D DEVELOPMENT 7pm Thu, May 5 Come & learn the secrets behind ACT's 4th dimension, the most powerful relational database on the Macintosh.

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Reforms, decline in imports slash Arab balance of payments deficit

decline in imports by key Arab oil producers and economic reforms by non-oil states slashed the Arab balance of payments deficit by nearly 65 per cent in 1992, an official report has said.

The deficit, which was nonexistent during the oil boom, stood at \$7 billion in 1992 compared with \$20 billion in 1991, said the report released by the Abu Dhabi-based Arab Monetary Fund (AMF).

The report divided the 22member Arab League into two groups: The first comprising the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) plus key oil producers Iraq, Libya and Algeria, and the second the 12 nembers, which have little oil.

It showed exports of goods and services by the first group increased slightly to \$114 billion from \$113 billion while exports by the second group jumped to \$34 billion from \$29

What helped this positive development in exports by the second group is the policy of freeing prices of goods and exchange rates, easing government restrictions on foreign trade and supporting export activities by the private sector as part of economic reforms," the report said.

Imports by the second group rose to \$47 billion from \$41

slashed imports to \$108 billion from \$121 billion in the same period, it said.

Experts said the combined Arab balance of payment deficit was caused by a sharp decline in crude prices over the past decade as oil exports account for more than 70 per cent of the total Arab exports.

In 1980, when oil prices shot above \$30, exports by the first group peaked at \$235 billion. with imports standing at \$114 billion. The balance of payments registered a record sur-plus of \$121 billion before it started to deteriorate in the

following years. Such exports plummetted to \$108 billion in 1985 when oil prices went below \$20 then recovered slightly to \$113 billion in 1991.

The report said the improvement in exports of goods and services by the second group pushed their ratio to the gross domestic product to 27 per cent in 1992 from between 18 and 24 per cent in the first half. of the 1980s.

A breakdown showed members of the first group, except Kuwait and Iraq, had a surplus in their balance of payments in 1992 while all those in the second group were still suffering from a deficit.

The biggest surplus was recorded in the United Arab

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Emirates (UAE), standing at \$4.47 billion. It stood at \$1.12 billion in Algeria and between \$1 billion and \$2 billion in

Oman and Oatar. In Saudi Arabia, the world's top oil producer and exporter, the surplus was only \$693 million due to a surge in imports, the report said.

Kuwait, which had enjoyed persistent surplus before the 1990 Iraqi invasion, suffered from a small deficit of \$30 million because of a sharp rise in imports and a decline in oil

Iraq, still under a U.N. embargo, had a deficit of \$728 million, with exports standing at \$413 million and imports at

The report, which covered economic developments in the Arab World for 1992, showed public and private investment in the region totalled \$112 billion during that year compared with \$98 billion in 1991.

Around \$83.6 billion were invested in the first group and Saudi Arabia received the lion share, with investment of \$29.5 billion, while no investment was registered in war-torn

It estimated the combined Arab gross national product at \$478.9 billion, of which the first group accounted for \$347.7 billion.

Manila earns \$775m in privatisation scheme

MANILA (AFP) — The Philippines earned 21.72 billion pesos (\$775.71 million) on sale of government assets from 1987 to February of this year, the presidential palace said Monday. A palace statement quoted Asset Privatisation Trust (APT) head Gonzalo Santos as saying that the money came from the sale of 10 government-held companies, including three cement firms

and a local telephone concern. Sixty per cent of the money would be used to fund Manila's agrarian reform programme.

The amount, however, does not include proceeds from the sale of big-ticket companies privatised outside APT, such as Petron Corp. and Philippine Airlines (PAL).

Kuwaiti proposals seen failing deficit challenge

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwaiti budget proposals entailing a 50 per cent rise in the deficit in 1994/95 show the government is not serious about tackling the shortfall, an economic con-

suitancy has said. Under the proposals, a 20 per cent spending cut officials have recommended for the second half of this financial year to curb the growing budget gap would not be carried through into 1994/95, the Al Shall Consultancy said in a commentary.

"The budget proposal does not reflect that direction at all," Al Shall said.

There has been no indication as yet how far the 20 per cent cut recommended by the finance ministry for Jan. 1 to June 30, 1994, has been implemented.

Al Shall, saying the 1994/95 proposals would reinstate previous levels of spending, added: "The finance ministry failed to provide any justification for its failure to abide by its own recommendations. It (the ministry) attributed the deficit to an increase in defence spending, as if the previous year's deficit was either acceptable or an appropriate yardstick."

This is not a comforting sign since it gives the impression that the ministry is neither capable of controlling the deficit nor serious about adopting sincere measures to combat it." it pointed out.

The cabinet on April 24 agreed broad plans that would entail a rise of 50 per cent in a net deficit swollen by costs linked to the Gulf war that ended Iraq's 1990-91 occupa-

Most of the rise is due to the inclusion for the first time of allocations for arms procurement that have hitherto been off-budget. The proposed allocations in 1994/95 come to 500 million dinars (\$1.68 bil-

But even leaving aside de-fence allocations, the proposals represent a mere 1.19 per cent reduction in spending in

Proposed spending of 4.39 billion dinars (\$14.78 billion)

and proposed revenue of 2.537 billion dinars (\$8.54 billion) would leave a net deficit of 1.853 (\$6.24 billion), compared to a projected net deficit in 1993/94 of 1.223 billion dinars (\$4.1 billion).

Al Shall said another disturbing sign was lack of clarity in the budget proposals about what flows of state money they actually reflected. It was not clear whether state investment earnings or debt service pay-

ments were included, it said. The deficit rose sharply after Kuwait spent half its reserves on costs associated with the Gulf war, including a \$20 billion payment towards Operation Desert Storm, and further "-" billions on oil sector repairs 'and handouts to citizens.

Castro says tough measures needed on reforms

HAVANA (R) — Cuban President Fidel Castro says there can be no half measures in his country as it seeks to reduce the "cancer" of excess currency in circulation and return buying power to the island's

people. Speaking on the first day of a special session of parliament to debate steps to clean up the nation's finances, President Castro urged "political courage" for steps he said would be tough and which needed the maximum understanding from the people.

The Cuban leader spoke after his finance minister, Jose Luis Rodriguez, presented a wide range of possible mea-sures aimed at reducing excess

pesos in circulation and cutting à vawning state budget deficit. including price hikes on a series of goods and services, and moves to stimulate more and longer-term savings.

The minister's speech amounted to a blueprint for important changes in communist-ruled Cuba, facing severe economic crisis since the collapse of the Soviet Union and the end of traditional trade and aid ties. The Caribbean island is engaged in a process of cautious economic liberalisa-

It was not clear how many of the lengthy list of possible steps suggested by Mr. Rodri-guez would eventually be taken. The parliamentary session was called to approve guidelines for measures and not the steps themselves. "We should not do anything

by half," urged President "If we are going to take half measures we might as well not do anything. We have to resolve the problem... we have to try to ensure that money is

worth something," he said. Cuba's internal financial problems are typified by the average worker, who might earn 200 pesos, spends less than half of it on rent, services and scant state-distributed food and the rest of it on exortionate black market prices for items as necessary as

cooking oil. The official exchange rate for the peso is one per dollar, although the Cuban currency changed hands for around 100 times less than this on the black market. The dollar, whose use was legalised last year, is now widely used on the black market.

Many of the deputies, President Castro and Mr. Rodriguez included, urged measures against people getting rich by illicit means amid the current economic crunch - such as black marketeers or people illegally buying and selling

"The worker has to win the battle against the person who does nothing," President Cas-

Possible steps suggested by Mr. Rodriguez included price ? Contry.

hikes on some very heavily. subsidised basic products and a range of non-essential goods such as cigarettes, alcohol and gasoline, as well as on services such as electricity, telephones and mail.

He also suggested creating special savings accounts that would allow money in banks to be frozen for a fixed period,

and issuing state bonds.

And he proposed issuing a convertible peso to allow the state greater control over hard currency such as the U.S. dollar in circulation.

On measures to stimulate savings, Mr. Rodriguez said that 59 per cent of the 11.6 billion pesos currently in circulation were in savings accounts, with the rest in the hands of the public.

He said interest rate raises would not necessarily work as a stimulus to more and longerterm savings, suggesting the creation of savings accounts with a specific destination for spending, or accounts "that allow the immobilisation of funds for a fixed time, a sort of special savings bonds.

He also suggested fixed term hard currency savings accounts and the issuing of some form of state bonds.

On control of hard currency, whose use was legalised eight months ago, Mr. Rodriguez said the state had to gain greater control over its circulation, adding one possibility was the issue of a convertible or hard. currency peso for use in the 4

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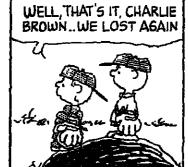
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An unidentified resident shows the new notes he just drew from his account Monday on the Bank of China's first day of issuing hanknotes. The bank is offering five values of the local currency (AFP photo)

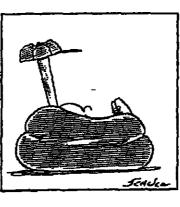
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HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY MAY 3, 1994

By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The morning finds it possible for you to make plans that could give you added abundance in the days ahead if you take a new tact where productive ideas are concerned. Avoid one who gossips.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Study monetary affairs that are important to your progress. Modern methods bring fine re-sults. Be alert at all time to new and prosperous opportunities. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

Personal matters are fine to follow now, but be sure to carry through with what family members expect of you in the days to GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You have plans for getting ahead, but take your time in

putting them in operation. Relax at home tonight with those you are most fond of. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Plan how to be more stul in business dealings

tain harmony at home and everything will be great. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Listening with interest to what allies have to say helps them cooperate more with you, and you with them. Be logical on any

and be more productive. Main-

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Put new ideas to work

and expand in your line of en-deavour. Make contacts which are important to you and you will get the right results.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Think what must be done to improve relationships with inces allies. Delve into new activities and get excellent results which show.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to

speeth 21 "Little —"

58 Singer-

church 51 Skirt style 62 Medicinal herb

63 Grandpa Walton

1 Live alone 2 Woodwind 3 Run-down area

4 Leyer 5 Personaly 6 Rich earth 7 Run out of the

DOWN

November 21) Keeping promises you have made to associates is important at this time. Be alert to what is going on around you and you will be very successful. \$AGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Obtain impor-

tant data you need from the right sources, then go ahead with plans you have made. Express happiness to those around you. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Assets from different sources could come your way at this time. Good time to engage in creative activities which will be very beneficial. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Don't let anyone

force you into a situation that

you know is not right for you. Be

poised at all times today for a beneficial situation. PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) One who understands your life's goals can be helpful to you at this time. come to a fine accord with associates on any

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Herrit Arriold and Miles Argitionone letter to each square, to form ROWCE EYAPE TALNED SHE BECAME THE CHIEF ARTIST BECAUSE SHE DOAFER Now arrange the circled letters to Jumbles: NEWSY GOURD SUBTLY FIDDLE Answer: What the young couple called their drive to kovers lane — A "BUSS" RIDE

THE Daily Crossword by Don Johnson (Aicott) 22 inasmuch as 23 Offer 24 Hang ground 25 Fictional sleu 33 Iran ruler, once 37 Classifies 40 Copies 41 Curb 42 Special esteer 43 Lester Flatt's 50 Pigment 51 Muscular guy 54 Cow or horse 13 US president 18 Revolves brit start 57 Undersized one songwriter 60 East end of a

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ADB warns against 'swift and dirty' development

NICE, France (AFP) - The Asian Development Bank (ADB) Monday warned against "swift and dirty" growth in member states, saying the region's timber reserves might vanish in 40 years as cities bred politically explo-

ADB experts said in a report released at the 55-nation bank's annual meeting here that although environmental planning was enjoying broader Asian support, the "green" campaign could wilt amid a global aid shortage.

The industrial revolution in the Asian and Pacific region has been both swift and dirty," said the report to ADB members, comprising Asian developing countries and their

industrial trading partners. The region "can be proud of its growth record in recent years, but it cannot disregard its failure to protect its environment resources," added the report, blaming high population growth as a key factor.

Asian countries have paced the rest of the world in economic growth for more than two decades and are forecast to remain the fastest-growing region in the next few years, averaging seven per cent annual expansion.

But Asia, with half the world's population, is still home to two-thirds of its poor. By ADB estimates more than 700 million Asians are trapped in poverty, while people in Tokyo, Hong Kong and Singapore enjoy incomes and lifestyles on a par with the West.

The bank, which advocates "sustainable development," cited deforestation - closely linked to rapid population growth - as the most urgent environmental problem in the

It said one-fifth of Asia's land area was still forested but with more and more mouths to feed, the tree cover was vanishing at the rate of four million hectares (10 million acres) a year, while replanting moved half as fast.

"At current rates of harvesting, the region's remaining timber reserves will disappear in less than 40 years," the report said.

Biodiversity is also at great risk, the ADB said, pointing to Bangladesh, where fully 94 per cent of the wildlife habitat has been wiped out. Kazi Jalal, chief of the en-

vironment office in the ADB,

said "the situation is not yet

desperate," citing growing

The Philippines-based ADB also called attention to runaway urbanisation in Asian de-

awareness of the problem in

The report also noted a

trend toward intensive farm-

ing, which requires less land to

clear to produce more crops.

do not have funds or institu-

tions to sustain environmental

The rising popularity of en-

vironment issues runs smack

into a squeeze on aid money

resulting from the world reces-

sion, making it difficult to

achieve the lofty goals of the

1992 earth summit in Rio de

"Without new sources of fi-

nance the extensive effort pre-

scribed by the earth summit

will not succeed," the report

programmes.

Janeiro.

However, poorer countries

Asia, especially economies.

veloping countries, where cities would account for half the population by 2020.

Twelve of the world's 20 "megacities" will be found in Asia by the turn of the century. and despite increasing attention to the urban poor, "in many cities, poverty remains a potential politically explosive problem.

The ADB has lent out close to 50 billion since 1966, mostly on infrastructure projects. It created an environment unit in 1987 to improve the environmental impact of its projects and address regional problems.

The bank has resolved to devote half of the number of projects it approves to social and environmental objectives, though they will still comprise a smaller portion of the funds committed to borrowers than

traditional projects.

Japanese market foresees dollar falling below 100 yen

TOKYO (AFP) - The recent show of support for the dollar by Japanese and American authorities is not enough to prevent it from falling below the 100-yen barrier in the next few days, dealers said Monday.

The market is not that impressed by these statements and the yen will break through the 100-yen limit (to the dollar) next week," said Luc Corign, chief foreign exchange dealer at the Tokyo branch of Banque Nationale de Paris.

The dollar closed at 101.80 here Monday in quiet trading ahead of a three-day holiday break. On Friday, when Japanese markets were also closed, it tumbled to 100.70 yen in European trading, close to the currency's all-time low of 100.40 yen on Aug. 17 last

U.S. Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen warned over the weekend that the Federal Reserve would continue to intervene against "excessive fluctuations" of the dollar. The new Japanese government of Prime Minister Tsutomu Hata met Saturday to discuss de-

velopments. "Ås long as we stay below 105 yen, the market's tendency will be to try to smash the 100-yen barrier," Mr. Corign

Some market participants nevertheless said the statements in Washington helped support the dollar, given that the United States often uses the threat of a stronger yen to exert pressure on Japan in bilateral trade talks.

The American government has clearly understood the need to defend the dollar as it's worried about the impact a weak dollar would have on the bond markets," said Masayuki Hanaoka, a dealer at Bank of Tokyo Ltd.

Mr. Hanaoka said the dollar was likely to resume climbing once the market gets the feeling of having "achieved its goal" in pushing the currency

"Although the trend has not changed, there is quite a good chance of a rebound of the dollar," he said.

Tatsuhiro Iwashige, from Dutch Bank AMB-Amro, also sees the dollar recovering.

"Towards the second or third week of May, the dollar should resume climbing," he said, predicting an exchange rate of around 105 yen by then.

Jordan will not attend signing

reservations and firm positions" in the modalities and mechanism of the proposed atlangement.

AFP adds from Cairo: Syria will not attend the signing of the Palestinian autonomy accord, Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa said Mon-

"I do not think Syria's Foreign Minister (Farouk Al Sharaa) will attend the ceremony, Mr. Musa told reporters.

America: Damascus has criticised the PLO-Israeli deal on limited togethe autonomy as a "separate deal" undermining Arab solidarity like 1920 and Syria's quest for "global Tunity in peace

In Tunis, Palestinian offi-- mos cials said PLO Political Dees will partment chief Farouk Kaddoumi had also turned down an invitation from Egypt to attend the ceremony.

Mr. Kaddoumi, who has expressed reservations over the deal, refused to attend the historic Sept. 13 ceremony at the White House, when the PLO and Israel signed the declaration of principles opening

the way for autonomy. In total 50 Palestiman officials were invited to the ceremony, including former chief negotiator Haydar Abdul Shafi and spokeswoman Hanan Ashrawi, Palestinian officials

An Egyptian diplomat. said many Arab officials had agreed to attend, including the foreign ministers of Morocco, Qatar,

future of Doha meeting opens today

hat have! "Definitely we hear more willingness and tranquillity than previous times... it seems to me that today there will be more openness," he told the Israeh media.

Syria and Lebanon, which see the multilateral talks as a mechanism to normalise the status of the Jewish state, have

boycotted the multilateral talks since the beginning insisting progress should first be made with Israel in bilateral negotiations Jordan, which is protest-ing interceptions of ships bound for its Agaba port by the U.S.-led task force enforcing sanctions against Iraq, has

(Continued from page 1) tion, the Tal, Israel radios said. The heir ist ragged edge of the town and its ccessfu refugee camp has been the sight of frequent gunfire towards new outposts guarding need is

the settlements. The ambush caused the ned, to i ned, wi jeep's driver to lose control the war and it overturned after ld is not crashing through a fence, an nd Egy army statement said.

An officer and a soldier were s are th seriously injured in the gun-

4 Israeli soldiers wounded fire, while two other soldiers were only slightly injured

when the jeep flipped, the statement added. for the assailants and several Palestinians were detained for

A spokesman said the army had to loosen its open fire orders, restricted after soldiers

killed six supporters of PLO leader Yasser Arafat's Fatch faction in an April shootout.

Israel, Syria in serious phase

rdanish Party and among the electorate ric department and at a party meeting.

> confidence in the Rabin goverament were introduced in

nid bar getting anything in return for ssible its overtures to Mr. Assad. esrs Israeli sources acknowledged ninksk.

the gap between the two sides med wide.

sponse was that he had not drawn a line of withdrawal on a sources who declined to be identified acknowledged that Mr. Christopher did not return with any specific Syrian con-

Bhutto to introduce sales tax

ISLAMABAD (AFP) — Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto plans to introduce a sales tax in the next fiscal vear from July, despite opposition from business and consumers, press reports have

She told editors of national daily newspapers in Karachi that she had decided to change the tax situation maintained by the previous governments.

She advised the public to be prepared for a harsh budget which is expected in June, and said that the government was meeting tough resistance from industry and business on the proposal to levy a general sales

Her government has recently increased prices of some staple wheat flour, triggering a campaign against inflation and almost daily protest rallies by opposition parties in different

However, Ms. Bhutto forecast that the steps initiated by her six-month-old government would reap a rich harvest in 18

Report finds tourists spending big in Australia shops

CANBERRA (R) — Tourists are spending more than 1.5 billion Australian dollars (\$1.1 billion) a year in Australian shops, a government survey has found.

"We've vastly underestimated the importance of tourists to the retail sector," Tour-ism Minister Michael Lee said in a statement accompanying the survey. "We've just assumed they buy the furry koala, souvenirs and duty-free goods," he said.

But it now appeared tourists spent much of their money indepartment stores buying a fairly broad range of merchan-

The survey found that Japanese tourists spent the most in shops, despite their relatively brief vacations in Australia.

Japanese spent an average of 95 Australian dollars (\$68) a day on shopping for a total of 709 Australian dollars (\$506)

British and Irish tourists, grouped together, spend 646 Australian dollars (\$461) in shops on an average visit, but only 14 Australian dollars (\$10) a day, since many of them are backpackers on ex-

"Toys, including koalas and kangaroos, were bought by 48 per cent of visitors and were particularly popular with Japanese," the report said.

Seventy seven per cent of Japanese tourists boarded the plane home with such a furry animal.

Tourists also liked chocolates and gems. The industry achieves "ex-

ports" of goods and services, much of them sold in Australia, of around 8 billion Australian dollarss (\$5.7 billion) a year, helping to hold down an annual current account deficit of around 16 billion Australian

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The prime minister's remap for the Syrians. But

Mr. Christopher will go to Cairo on Tuesday.

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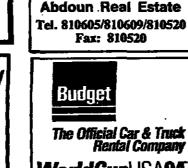
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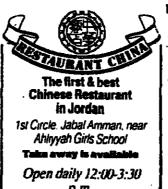


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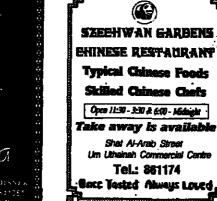








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bbeld on

John Denver

HANOI (AP) - Country sing. ger John Denver brought his message of music as a healing force to Vietnam Sunday, be-

coming the first American star

to perform in the Communist

country since the Vietnam War

ended in 1975. The United

States and Vietnam still have

no diplomatic relations. Prog-

ress toward restoring relations

was made in February when

President Bill Clinton dropped

a 19-year trade embargo of

Vietnam. Denver and his four-

man band played to a mixed audience of Vietnamese and

expatriates in Hanoi's Cultural

Palace. Vietnam is his last stop

on a six-nation Asian tour. "It

actually is a bit of a dream

come true for me to sing here,"

Denver said after arriving in

the Vietnamese capital Satur-

day. "I was just starting my

career back when we were at

war with the country." Denver

said he was fortunate not to

have been drafted into the

military, due to two missing

toes. He joined in anti-war

protests in Washington and elsewhere, he said. "I though

if I ever go to Vietnam, it will

be to sing there," he said. Denver told his listeners in

performs in Vietnam

S. Korean troops on alert after North's unusual military moves

SEOUL (R) — President Kim Young-Sam-Monday ordered the nation's 650,000-strong armed forces to keep an around-the-clock vigil following unusual military moves by Communist North Korea in recent days.

"The Defence Ministry should be fully prepared to cope with any eventuality with all the soldiers exercising a 24-hour watertight vigilance," Mr. Kim was quoted by an aide as telling a meeting of security-related cabinet

A Defence Ministry spokes-man said the presidential statement was not meant to increase the level of alert but to stress that troops should always maintain their vigilance.

We are not seeing the unusual North Korean movements of recent days as a sign that they will commit a serious provocation against the South," the spokesman said.

Mr. Kim's instruction came as the United Nations forces stationed in South Korea accused the north of violating a. 41-vear-old armistice agreement by deploying more soldiers and weapons than permitted at the tense inter-

Korean border. A U.N. Command (UNC) spokesman said North Korea. which has in recent days described the armistice that ended the 1950-53 Korean War as "a worthless piece of paper", had increased forces at the

PHNOM PENH (R) -

Cambodian head of state King

Norodom Sihanouk said Mon-

day that his pleas for peace

were falling on deaf ears and

that his country would con-tinue to be victimised by war.

tunate to have war, continual

war," King Sihanouk said in

emotional remarks to a small

group of Cambodian journalists. "Why? Our people, all

our people, they are victims of

war and our country is a civil-

troy our own country, our

national wealth. We must put

an end to this war but no one

was no prospect of peace talks

now between the government formed after U.N.-run elec-

tions a year ago and its bitter

enemy, the Khmer Rouge,

who refused to face voters.

King Sihanouk said there

lilstens to me.

"It's unreasonable to des-

"It's very sad, very unfor-

Panmuniom frontier crossing to unacceptable levels.

"Early in the evening on April 29, the (North) Korean People's Army (KPA) for several hours had more men and weapons in the joint security area (JSA) at Panmunjom than permitted by the armistice agreement," a UNC spokesman said.

Tension is always high in the Panmunjom JSA, a circle 800 metres in diametre, because each side is permitted to have up to 35 military police inside.
"As with similar violations

in the past, the U.N. Command is addressing the issue with the KPA through the Military Armistice Commission (MAC) channel," the spokesman said.

South Korean Armed Forces and U.S. troops were put on alert for about three hours Saturday when about 20 North Korean aircraft were monitored flying towards Seoul.

The South's Defence Minis-

try said the North Korean Air Force appeared to be on a regular training exercise but it was very unusual that it was conducted on a Saturday.

During Monday's security meeting, the first since South Korea named a new unification minister Saturday, Mr. Kim said North Korea recently withdrew several members of its MAC secretariat on resi-

dent duty at Panmunjom.

Mr. Kim was quoted by his aides as saying North Korean

"The roundtable cannot

take place for the time being

because there is a very serious

difference between Phnom

King Sihanouk had original-

ly proposed five days of peace

talks starting May 2 to be held

in neutral territory at the royal

palace under his chairmanship.

al leader, Khieu Samphan, re-

jected the offer, saying the government was incapable of

guaranteeing his delegation's

The charge was denied by

the government, which said it could "guarantee 100 per cent"

the guerrillas' safety in Phnom

the government co-premiers,

his son Prince Norodom

Ranariddh and Hun Sen, Mon-

day evening and he said earlier

he would get their views on

The Khmer Rouge's nomin-

Penh and the Khmer Rouge,'

Sihanouk warns of peril of war

he said.

soldiers equipped with arms and helmets appeared at Panmuniom last Friday, breaking the armistice pact.

The number, movement and dress of North Korean and U.N. troops stationed at Panmunjom, the only crossing point on the inter-Korean border, is strictly laid down under the armistice agreement.

The UNC spokesman said in a separate statement North Korea had announced its intention to withdraw from the MAC, which supervises implementation of the Korean truce.

The North has boycotted MAC meetings since a South Korean general was appointed head of the five-person UNC delegation in March 1991, replacing an American.

"Mutual agreement is required to alter the armistice agreement and such an action would constitute a fundamental change to that agreement," the spokesman said.

"UNC officials are working to resolve this matter through continuing dialogue with KPA representatives and careful consultation with allied governments and other forces involved in the armistice agree-

ment," he said. Military commanders for North Korea, the United States and China, which aided the North, are signatories to the military truce which has never been converted into a

peace treaty. A Seoul Defence Ministry

trying to hold peace talks in

The Maoist rebels, responsi-

ble for the deaths of a million

Cambodians by execution, dis-

ease and starvation during

their brutal reign in power lasting from 1975 until 1979,

have continued to wage a guer-

rilla war to back their demands

for a senior advisory rule in

"The military situation in

the northwest is very bad for the time being," Major-General Chun Chheang, direc-

tor of international relations at

the National Defence Ministry

King Sihanouk said there

was one encouraging sign ab-

out peace talks, government

permission to allow the Khmer

Rouge to stay in the royal

palace itself. But this was re-

fused by the Khmer Rouge.

government.

told Reuters.

official said the North Korean move could be interpreted as an indication the hardline Stalinist state was trying to nullify the commission.

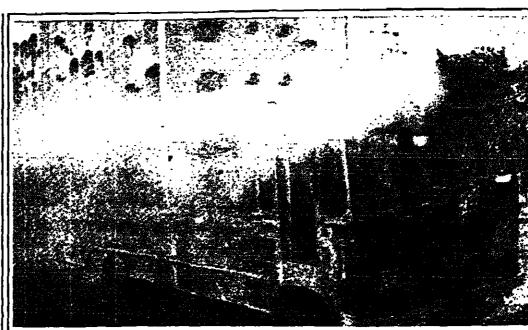
North Korea, which has defied the United Nations by refusing to allow full inspection of its nuclear facilities by International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) officials, last week proposed negotiations with the United States to replace the armistice with a peace agree-

But a U.S. State Department spokeswoman said last Thursday the armistice remained "in full effect and all practical arrangements that would keep open the lines of communications between the U.N. Command and the North Korean military are still in

Meanwhile, the IAEA said Monday time was running short for its bid to monitor refuelling at North Korea's Yongbyong nuclear plant, but it has yet to break a diplomatic deadlock over inspection

North Korea wants to start refuelling at the five megawatt reactor — suspected by the West of being part of a covert nuclear weapons programme — in early May.

But Pyongyang has put unacceptable terms on its invitation to inspectors from the IAEA to observe the work, IAEA spokesman David Kyd



KARACHI UNREST: Smoke rises from a gutted bus stopped in the middle of the street as a result of in city-wide disturbances. More than 21 vehicles were burned during ethnic unrest which already caused six people to die. Tension remained high in Karachi Monday as fighting continued between the police and supporters of the Mohajir Quami Movement (MQM) and the death toll rose to 13. Six more people were rushed to hospital with gunshot wounds, bringing the number of injured to more than 60 in

four days since police opened fire Friday on an MQM gathering, killing two supporters. One woman was shot dead overnight Sunday amid ing violence in the central and eastern parts of the city. Three vehicles, including two ambulances, were set ablaze, fire brigade sources said. At least 38 vehicles, including two public transport buses, have been burned so far. Masked gummen have also been roaming the streets firing in the air and creating panic, residents in the troubled areas said (AFP photo).

Mortar fire kills 14, in Rwanda capital

RUSOMO, Rwanda (R) — Mortar fire killed at least 14 Rwandans and wounded 150 in a church compound where they had taken refuge from heavy fighting in the capital Kigali, aid workers said Monday.

At least two mortar bombs exploded late Sunday near the Sainte Famille Church, said Moctar Gueye of UNAMIR, the U.N. Assistance Mission in Rwanda. "We were not able to detect exactly who shelled the

Camp. Kigali, where government forces are battling advancing rebels of the Rwanda Patriotic Front (RPF), suffered "one of the heaviest days of shelling we have seen," said Patrick Gos-ser of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC).

"Mortars didn't hit the church itself. They hit the surroundings and people were hurt in a market area," Mr. Gosser said.

At least 14 were killed outright, he said. Some 60 of the wounded were transported to the ICRC's makeshift hospital, set up to cope with hornific casualties in recent weeks, and others were taken to Kigali's central hospital.

"I don't know how many were left behind who didn't have a chance."

Hospital facilities are overstretched in a city where the United Nations estimates some 20,000 bodies are lying unburied.

The United Nations says about 2,000 mainly Tutsi civilians are clustered around Sainte Famille where they have sought refuge from marauding pro-government Hutu militias since chaos erupted in the wake of President Juvenal Habyarimana's death in a rocket attack on his plane on

"They are running from certain death," said Mr. Gueye. UNAMIR peacekeepers protect about 14,000 civilians in buildings around the city, but the militias issued fresh threats last week to butcher

these people, officials said. UNAMIR troops visited the Sainte Famille area Sunday, but they are not there perernment authorities had posted

police to guard the area. On April 19 last month government forces fired mortars at the U.N.-guarded Amahoro Sports Stadium in the RPFcontrolled part of Kigali where some 5,000 people are sheltered, killing some 60, U.N. officials said.

Aid officials are struggling to provide supplies for up to 250,000 refugees who fled from Rwanda into northwestern Tanzania as the RPF advanced in recent days.

The flood of refugees dried up over the weekend but the RPF denied allegations that it had formally closed the bor-

U.N. special envoy to Rwanda Jacques-Roger Booh-Booh was due to visit Uganda's capital Kampala Monday to meet President Yoweri Museveni to discuss efforts to secure a ceasefire.

U.N. officials said Mr. Booh-Booh would also go to Arusha, the northern Tanzanian town where a peace accord was signed between the parties 10 months ago.

manently. The ICRC said gov-

who its next president will be after the 1996 election, President Boris Yeltsin said in an interview Monday in the

He refused to reply to ques-tions about his own intentions

Yeltsin was interviewed to mark the publication of the French edition of his book The View From The Kremlin, an account of last year's rebellion in parliament which came close

should get the warring parties to the negotiating table to sign a peace agreement, Mr. Yeltit was beginning to resemble markets in "civilised coun-

Mr. Yeltsin's arch-foe Alexander Rutskoi, the former vice president who played a prominent part in last October's uprising, meanwhile told the Independent Moscow television station NTV that he would set up a patriotic socialist movement in three weeks "to take power." Members would be strictly vetted and subject to "iron discipline," and there would be no place for dissent-

ing views.

Mr. Rutskoi said the civil peace pact signed last week by political parties and others was a bid by Mr. Yeltsin to make "hostages" of his opponents, Mr. Rutskoi and the Communist and Agrarian parties plus some conservatives refused to

ign.
"The goal of this movement is to come to power, because without power we can't realise the goals we've set," Mr. Ruts-koi told "Itogi," the indepen-dent NTV network's influential news show.

Itogi also aired a copy Sunday of what it called a "curious document" it obtained — a decree signed by Mr. Rose of the days of and dated Oct. 3, the day of bloody street riots in Moscow, ordering that Mr. Yeltsin's top allies be detained and precree a forgery and accused Mr. Yeltsin's camp of circulating it to rain him.

Mr. Rutskoi declared himself president on September after Mr. Yeltsin, breaking months of political gridlock, disbanded the old hardline parliament. Armed supporters of Mr. Rutskoi and the old parliament's leaders noted, surrendering after Mr. Yeltsin turned tanks against the build-ing on Oct. 4, scores of people were killed in the clashes.

The former vice president was arrested and charged with inciting riots, but was released in February under an amnesty granted by the new parliament. Since then, Mr. Rutskoi has been an outspoken critic of the administration, and particularly of the political peace pact signed this week by Mr. Yeltsin and various parliamentary factions. Mr. Rutskoi told Itogi the truce was nothing but Mr. Yeltsin's "one man show."

Although Mr. Rutskoi is viewed as a potential candidate in 1996 presidential elections, Mr. Yeltsin has dismissed him as a spent force and accused him of instability.

Mr. Rutskoi is even vying with Mr. Yeltsin as an author. telling Itogi he will tell all in a new book, Collapse Of The Empire.'

hearing bells' any more

Bell Tower, which this Russian Easter rang for the first time since Soviet leader Vladimir Lenin banned them in 1918, were silenced again — by Russian President Boris Yeltsin. Moscow's Echo Radio said the test chiming ahead of the midnight Eastern service stopped abruptly after a man told the beli-ringers the noise was dis-turbing Mr. Yeltsin. Lenin banned the use of the tower's bells after moving the seat of the Bolshevik government to Moscow 76 years ago. Moscow municipality had been restoring the bells for the past two

plump is pretty and prosperous

SINGAPORE (R) - While slim women appeal to younger Chinese Singapore men, plump partners are preferred by older men because corpulence signifies prosperity, a survey by a Singapore woman's magazine shows. The survey in the May issue of Citta Bella magazine showed Chinese Singapore men between 20 and 30 were put off by fat women. It showed those between 41 and 50 did not like either skinny or chubby women. But those above 50 tended to appreciate women on the plump side. "It gives a woman a look of prosperity." one respondent was quoted as saying.

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Japan prepares laws to deal with N. Korean crisis

TOKYO (AFP) — Japan has prepared emergency legislation to deal with the crisis over North Korea's suspected development of nuclear weapons. government sources were

tic Party (SDP).

"We have already finished preparations for emergency legislative arrangements," Jiji Press quoted one government source as saying.

The emergency bills are expected to include amending the

quoted as saying Monday.

But the sources said the new minority government of Prime Minister Tsutomu Hata had not yet decided whether to submit the legislation to parliament, given expected opposition from the Social Democra-

Mr. Hata, sworn in as prime minister Thursday last week, was meanwhile quoted by Kyodo News Services as saying he had not received any official reports on such preparations although the government 'seems" to considering the

Chief Cabinet Secretary Hiroshi Kumagai said Sunday it was "natural that we prepare ourselves for various scenarios" and indicated that the emergency legislation had

already been prepared.
"We recognise that fears about the North Korean problem will be soon realised," the official government spokesman

self-defence force law to ease restrictions on Japanese military activities abroad when either the country or its citizens are involved in interna-

TOKYO (AFP) - Most

Japanese support the minority

cabinet of Prime Minister Tsu-

tomu Hata formed last week.

but also want early elections.

according to a survey pub-

lished by the Sankei Shimbun

The survey, conducted by

the newspaper and the Fuji

Television Network Friday and

Saturday, found 62,1 per cent

support for Mr. Hata's cabinet,

down from the 63.4 per cent enjoyed by Morihiro Hosoka-

wa's cabinet formed in August

But an even bigger majority, 69.9 per cent of the 2,000

eligible voters polled, called

for an early general election

before the lower house com-

pletes its full four-year term in

61.5 per cent of voters sup-

ported last week's sudden deci-

sion by the Social Democratic

Party (SDP) to leave the coali-

tion, a move which forced Mr.

Hata to form the first minority

Japanese cabinet in 39 years.

. While approval for Mr. Hata

The survey also found that

Monday.

last year.

mid-1997.

Yeltsin: Russia's danger is next president PARIS (Agencies) — The would not claim it was the real danger" for Russia lies in best-stocked in the world, but world, but wented from leaving Russia.

French paper Le Figaro.

"That is what could pose problems for Russia," he said, explaining that for the moment at least no likely candidate was in view. "Perhaps in two years a personality will emerge who would be recognised by the whole people," Mr. Yeltsin

regarding the 1996 presidential race, asserting: "I do not dis-cuss that subject."

to ousting him.

He dismissed the idea of Russian backing for Bosnian Serbs, saying Moscow wanted to stop the fighting. America had greater influence with the Muslim Slavs, Germany with the Croats and Russia with the Serbs, so the three powers

He told Le Figaro what the Russian market in consumer goods was picking up. He

Most Japanese back Hata but want early election was lower than for the Hosoka-(G-7) industrialised countries' wa government, which included the SDP, the Sankei noted that it was still higher

> over the previous four decades. Separate weekend polls found lower levels of public support for the new cabinet. A Kyodo News Service poll of 1,000 voters released Sunday gave Hata 51.6 per cent support while a Yomiuri Shimbun poll of 1,500 voters published Saturday gave the new prime minister an approval rating of

than the ratings for Liberal

Democratic Party cabinets

56.8 per cent. Meanwhile, Prime Minister Hata, who took office last week, left Monday for a tour of Italy, France, Germany and Belgium, aiming in part to build confidence in Japan's first minority government in 39

Mr. Hata, who has previously held such portfolios as finance, foreign affairs and farming, wants to allay concerns of European leaders ahead of the group-of-seven summit in Naples, Italy, in July, government sources said. The week-long tour had

down on April 8 atnid controversy over his past financial European leaders will be looking at ways to reduce Japan's \$30 billion trade surplus with the European Union, but analysts said Mr. Hata's political weakness might not

give him much room for man-

oeuvre at home.

Mr. Hata will try to reassure his European hosts that Japan wants to deal equally with the United States and the EU and give each equal access to Japan's market. His new cabinet decided at

the weekend to boost imports and work to stem the yen's rise against other major currencies. European officials are concerned that Japan will bow to U.S. pressure and give its trade

deficit with the United States priority treatment. The EU, which favours re-

solving disputes by talks, has been critical of U.S. threats of sanctions against Japan following the collapse of trade talks between Mr. Hosokawa and U.S. President Bill Clinton in been planned months ago for Mr. Hosokawa, who stepped February.

> But at the same time officials are becoming increasingly impatient at the lack of progress in trade talks with Japan begun They are hoping that Mr.

> Hata's visit will provide a significant gesture towards dealing with the problem. In Rome Tuesday, Mr. Hata is scheduled to meet Italy's Prime Minister designate Silvio Berlusconi, followed Wednesday by a meeting in Paris with

President Francois Mitterrand

and a dinner with Prime Minister Edouard Balladur. On Thursday, Mr. Hata will travel to Bonn for a meeting with Chancellor Helmut Kohl. before winding up his trip Friday in Belgium, where he is due to meet the president of the European Commission Jacques Delors and Belgian government officials.

between songs that he cared deeply about helping to create a greater sense of global community and partnership. Man, 12-year-old daughter

in robbery spree

suspected

NEW YORK (AP) — A man trained his 12-year-old stepdaughter to help him rob elder-ly people in elevators, police said Sunday. Stanley Everett, 34. and his stepdaughter, whose name wasn't released, were arrested Saturday in connection with two April 11 robberies at Lower East Side housing projects. They're suspected of many more robberies, said housing police Lt. Thomas Shordone. Mr., Everett and his stepdaughter would get on an elevator with an elderly tenant, who "would be inlled into submission by the fact that he was with a little giri," Lt. Sbordone said. "He would grab them by the neck and she would go into their pockets and take their properaty."

Planned Tower of world's tallest

SHANGHAI (R) - Shanghai's \$92-million television tower, tallest in Asia and third tallest on Earth, has been completed, the official Xinhua News Agency reported. The 460-metre (1,509-foot) Oriental Pearl tower comprises three huge "spheroids" thrust aloft by chunky pillars, each nine metres (30 feet) in diametre. the spheroids contain restaurants and other facilities accommodating more than 1,000 tourists, Xinhua said. The world's tallest selfsupporting tower is Toronto's CN Tower at 553 metres (1,815 feet). But China plans a 700-metre (2,296 foot) TV spire in Shenzhen near Hong Kong topping that.

Yeltsin 'not

MOSCOW (R) — The bells of the Kremlin's Ivan the Great

In Singapore,

ıhn Denver arforms in etnam

John Denver ssage of music street or to Vietnam ming the first Alle bertoum in the (antry since the Vice ded in 1975. The ites and Vienam diplomatic relation is toward restoring s made in February candent Bill Cima 19-year trade cal etnam. Denver and an band played dience of Vietn patriates in Halo dace. Victnam is [6] r a six-nation Asia tually is a bit of

me true for me to conver said after a e Vietnamese cape ty. "I was just the reer back when w ar with the county. ad he was forms ave been drafted ditary, due to he ses. He joined rotests in Washing isewhere, he said I ever go to Viete e to sing there etween songs that eeply about helping greater sense of numity and parter Wan, 12-year

1aughter Suspected in robbery spa VEW YORK (AP).

rained his 12-year laughter to help his. y people in elevant said Sunday, Stant 34, and his steps whose name wast were arrested Saturb nection with two Ar beries at Lower E housing projects. In. pected of many meses, said housing Thomas Shoren Everen and he exwould get on an etc. an elderiy terang be lulied into sale the fact that he was girl, Lt. Sboring: would grab them by and she would be pockets and take but

Planned Tow Babble to be

SHANGHAL (RIghai's \$92-million tower, tallest m At tailest on Earth in pieted, the offic News Agency (C.) 460-metre (1.504) tal Pear tower mer huge "spheroid". by chunky plant metres in terit the spheroids in taurants and ede. accommodating C 1.000 towns E The world's " Supporting tolers CN Tower at SURF. feet). But Ching שובנו בנים ומו Shenzhen nest & topping that

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Sports

Knicks, Bulls go up 2-0 in playoffs Chang

cago Bulls have played all season without retired superstar Michael Jordan and the New York Knicks played most of Sunday without all-star centre Patrick Ewing, but both teams rolled to 2-0 leads in their best-of-five first-round playoff

Ewing was ejected in the second quarter of the game against visiting local rivals, the New Jersey Nets, but Charles Oakley recorded season-highs with 25 points and 24 rebounds to lead the Knicks to a 90-81

Oakley had 20 points and 11 rebounds in the first half as New York opened a 55-33

Ewing was ejected for receiving his second technical with 5:21 left in the second quarter after a physical encounter with New Jersey forward Derrick Coleman.

"I didn't do anything, he initiated the contact," said Ewing. "If I am to get kicked out of a game, I'd like to do something to get kicked out."

Knicks coach Pat Riley said he thought the officials were put on a notice" by the league to maintain control after Saturday's bench-clearing brawl in the Atlanta-Miami

Herb Williams provided a much-needed boost in Ewing's absence with 11 points. Ewing also had 11 points.

In Chicago,, Scottie Pippen continued to take the lead role for the defending NBA champions in Jordan's absence.

Pippen scored 22 points and Horace Grant had 18 points and 12 rebounds to carry the Bulls to a 105-96 victory over the Cleveland Cavaliers.

A 13-7 fourth quarter run helped the Bulls open a 93-83 lead with just under five minutes remaining and the Cavs got no closer than seven points the rest of the way.

B.J. Armstrong finished with 16 points, Pete Myers had 14 points and Toni Kukoc added 11 assists for Chicago. "I don't care how ugly it was as long as we win," said Pip-

pen. "We're not trying to win a beauty contest here. Cleveland's Gerald Wilkins led all scorers with 28 points, picking up 18 in the second

quarter. The Suns also opened a 2-0 lead in their best-of-five firstround series as Kevin Johnson scored 17 of his career playoffhigh 38 points in the third quarter to power Phoenix to a 117-111 victory over the visiting Golden State Warriors.

The Suns used an 18-2 second half run to turn an 86-83 deficit into a 101-88

Phoenix trailed by three with 1:59 left in the third, but Johnson sparked an 8-0 run to close the quarter, given the Suns the lead.

The Suns started the fourth with a 10-2 run to open a 13-points lead and never let Golden State closer than seven points the rest of way.

In Houston, Hakeem Olajuwon had a huge game to put his Rockets up two games to none in their best-of-five series with the Portland Trail Blaz-

Olajuwon scored 46 points And blocked six shots to lead the Rockets to a 115-104 victory over Portland.

Ółajuwon had six blocks for the second straight game, including a key deflection of a layup by Rod Strickland that kept the score at 104-98 with 1:11 remaining.

A pair of free throws by Olajuwon gave Houston an eighth-point cushion. Sam Cassell added four free throws for the Rockets in the final mi-

Clifford Robinson scored a career playoff high 28 points and Strickland 26 for Portland.

PSG's title fails to silence critics

PARIS (R) - Like AC Milan in Italy, newlycrowned French champions Paris St Germain are receiving more criticism for their boring style of play than credit for their achievements.

The Parisians clinched the title at the weekend in a way which did nothing to silence the doubters - with a laboured 1-0 home win over Toulouse, a team struggling near the foot of the table.

PSG, under Portuguese coach Artur Jorge, have opted for the same safetyfirst style this season as AC Milan under Fabio Capello, with proven goal scorers left on the sidelines as a packed midfield concentrates on stopping the opposition play-

Jorge's methods have been so effective that the Parisians are seven points clear with two games to play and still on course to break Marseille's French record of conceding only 21 goals in a season.

with omar sharif & tannah hirsch

Q.1—Both vulnerable, as South

you hold: •A 7K10963 .J8542 •73

The bidding has proceeded: West North East South Pass 3 Dbl ?

A.—It looks to all the world as if East-West have a game in spades and, with a diamond lead, even a

slam is possible. To make sure part-

ner leads a heart through the strong hand bid three hearts. That could

be the ticket to defeat a five-level

contract, since you should not sell

out to any contract below five

Q.2-As South vulnerable, you

♦K63 TA10753 383 ♣Q72 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West

A.—Give some partners five-card support for your major and they go wild. South's hand is riddled with

losers and we feel that a raise to two

hearts is adequate. If you have some

way to make a limit raise, that would be our choice because the king of spades should be upgraded.

Q.3-As South, vulnerable, you

+J853 74 €Q92 +AKQ73

The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
3 2 Dbl Pass ?
What action do you take?

A.—Your trump holding is not so robust that you should want to con-

vert to penalties, especially at this vulnerability. We would opt to try

for a vulnerable game and three no trump seems the obvious choice.

Q.4—As South, vulnerable, you hold:

Budgets furniture.

To Suit

All

1 7 1 4 ?
What do you bid now?

What action do you take?

PSG are currently on 20. They also look likely to establish a less enviable record - as did Milan this season — of becoming the title winning team with the lowest number of goals scored, PSG are on 48, five

less than Monaco notched in

winning the crown six years

The Parisians have been so boring that their own fans, instead of celebrating the second title in the club's history, went on strike last month and chose to whistle their players' efforts during the first half against

Defender Alain Roche who sarcastically applauded the fans as the team trooped off at the break, said: "Their attitude is so contradictory. They whistle us in the first half when we're playing for the title and then explode

with iov at the end. "If they want a great team,

4AQJ107 ∵K954 ∴873 46

The bidding has proceeded: North East South West

1 4 Pass 1 4 Pass 2 Pass ?

A .-- Partner has shown a strong hand by reversing, so you are in slam country. To leave yourself

maximum room for exploration,

raise to three hearts. A raise of ei-

ther of partner's suits after a re-

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you

hold:

•KQJ87642 Q3 Q •Q8
Partner opens the bidding with two

Partner opens the bidding with two no trump. What do you respond? A.—There is no scientific way to bid this hand. The practical approach is to commit to alam if partner turns up with a sufficient number of sees and the way to find out is to bid four clubs—the Gerber convention (four no trump would be natural and invitational). Should

partner hold three aces, we will play

a small slam in spodes. If partner

has four, ask for kings to explore for

Q.6-Both vulnerable, as South

Q.6—Both Value 173 AKQ973
The bidding has proceeded:
East South West North
1 4 2 4 Pass 3 4
Pass ?

What do you bid now?

A.—We would bet our bottom dol-

lar that partner, who holds no high cards in the black suits, has both red suits stopped. But that does not

mean we should bid three no

trump-we don't want the lead

coming through partner's high cards. Show your stopper in East's suit by bidding three spades and let partner make the decision.

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GOREN BRIDGE

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

they should look at the way Marseille.'

Roche said the players wre tired at the end of a long season. "We would like to please everyone but it's not always possible," he said. "Last year, we played more spectacularly but we were less consistent. You have to know what you want.

"Milan haven't got an attractive style either but they're in the European Cup

and Francois Calderaro,

nisot said the team would be strengthened for the European Cup next season.

true supporters behave elsewhere, like in England or in

Jorge, who has often left on the bench strikers George

Weah, Xavier Gravelaine three men who have ended among the league's top scorers with their previous clubs, could be leaving to return to Portugal this summer.
PSG President Michel De-

But they could lose two of their best known players.

wins ATT Challenge

DULUTH, Ga. (AP) — Topseeded Michael Chang roared back after losing the first set Sunday to defeat no. 2 Todd Martin 6-7 (4-7), 7-6 (7-4), 6-0 and win the ATT Challenge tennis tournament.

It was Chang's fourth title this year, but his first championship on clay since winning the French Open in 1989, when he became the youngest Grand Slam champion at the age of 17 years, 3 months.

The victory won the world's seventh-ranked player \$42,000 from the total purse of \$300,000. Martin took home \$24,150.

For the first set and a half, Martin, ranked ninth on the ATP tour, served well despite a stiff wind, played aggressively to cut short any rallies and even outducted his 1,75 metres opponent from the baseline.

Capitalizing on Chang's weak service, Martin grabbed an early break to take a 3-0 lead, then expanded it to 4-1. Chang retaliated, sneaking a break in the seventh game to make it 3-4, then holding for a

Martin continued to dominate into the second set as Chang struggled with his serve. But he recovered his serve after 2-4 and battled to the second-set tiebreaker.

Chang changed his tactics in the third set, and it paid off. In iust 24 minutes, he put the match out of Martin's reach by nailing service returns and hitting passing shots at every opportunity.

At the end of the second set I started to return his second serve from 5 metres behind the baseline. I wanted to give myself more time to get a good whack at the ball," Chang said.

"This was a major turning point for me. I was able to return much more effectively by doing this on his first and second serve.' Martin downplayed the fac-

tor of fatigue and pressure that may have come into play after the second set. "I wasn't deflated after los-

ing the second set. I think he was on a real high," Martin said. "I can't help that he was hitting those passing shots.

Three-time world champion killed in crash **Motorsport mourns Ayrton Senna**

PARIS (AFP) — The world of motorsport began its first day of mourning for Ayrton Senna Monday, with the key questions surrounding the Brazilian's death still unresolved.

Senna died in an Italian bospital Sunday evening after los-ing control of his Williams-Renault during the San Marino Grand Prix. The car failed to take the high-speed Tamburelio bend on the seventh lap and slammed into a concrete barrier virtually head-on at approximately 180mph.

Senna a triple world champion, died of severe head injuries barely 24 hours after Austrian Roland Ratzenberger met the same fate after crashing at virtually the same spot in practice.

The second tragedy immediately raised questions for the future of Formula One. none of which have received a satisfactory answer. Why did Senna crash? Are F1 cars becoming too fast? Is everything being done to ensure the max-

imum of driver safety? The questions have an extra poignancy as, just hours before his death, Senna seemed to have an ominous feeling about both the race and his own

In a column he wrote after Ratzengberger's death for the German weekly paper Welt Am Sonntag, Senna expressed reservations about the way his car was handling the highspeed Imola Circuit, particularly compared to the Benetton Ford driven by his rival Michael Schumacher.

"The Benetton is certainly a good car, particularly on bumpy circuits, with long bends,"

"It worries me a bit because it reveals the weakness on a technical level of my Williams-Renault. My car reacts a bit nervously on circuits like that," he said, pointing to the car's aerodynamics and problems with the new passive sus-

Schumacher, who went on to win the re-started race, was behind Senna in second place at the time of the accident. The German said: "His car looked nervous the lap before

at that point. It was skittish.

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Schumacher has led the Then he went sideways and Senna also shared his misgivings in a telephone conversation Saturday evening with his girlfriend Adriana Galisten,

who was in Portugal. changes before." She said he was profoundly shocked by Ratzenberger's death and the horrifying crash on Friday from which Senna's compatriot Rubens Barrichello

miraculously emerged without serious injury. "He was worried about the safety conditions of the track," Galisten told the Brazilian press, "and visited the scenes

lost it.

of both the accidents." "Senna said he was not very enthusiastic about racing at Imola.

Williams-Renault were expected to make a statement later Monday, while the sport's ruling body, the International Automobile Federation (FIA) has opened an enquiry into both fatal accidents

Like Williams, the FIA will want to know the contents of the cars' "black box" recorders, similar to those used in civil aircraft.

Yet before that information becomes available, calls for a thorough review of safety measures have been ringing throughout the sport.



Brazilian Formula One driver Ayrton Senna Is attended by medics as they rash him off on a

Grand Prix Sunday (AFP photo)

charge, saying: "What we have to do is make sure that we all learn from this. There are things that can be improved and we should have made the

Alain Prost, who ended his Formula One career last season after winning his fourth world title, said: "Accidents can never been prevented. But little has been done to improve safety for a few years now. People stopped talking about accidents.

"When I talked about safety, about the dangers of driving the rain I was called a coward. This weekend has shown that safety is a maigissue in Formula One.'

Another former driver Switzerland's Clay Regazzoni whose career ended in a paralysing crash at Long Beach in 1980, blamed the speed-hongry car designers.

"No matter how safe you make a circuit, motor racing is still dangerous because the care are going too fast," he said.

"It's the cars we have to change — what the engine are building are planes. You can still have exciting races with slower cars."

Imola track closed

IMOLA, Italy (R) — The Imola race circuit where Ayrton Senna lost his life Sunday was closed Monday following a court order.

The official spokesman for the Antodromo Enzo Deino Ferrari, Gianni Berti, said a local court order prevented visitors, including reporters, from going on to the circuit.

A Brazilian television crew and two British journalists where ejected from an open garage, after a beated discussion, as they attempted to visit the Tamburello corner where Senna's Williams car crashed fatally Sunday.

Earlier visitors to the circuit

had managed to climb the fence and one eye witness. British photograph Glenn Campbell, said several bou-, quets of flowers and single red roses had been left at the point along the wall where Senna's car made its colossal impact.

A vivid blue imprint on the white paintained wall showed exactly where the 34-year-old triple world champion suffered his fatal injuries.

Further down the circuit the residential stain marks from the pool lof blood left behind after emergency surgery showed clearly where Senna's body had lain before he was



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PLO accuses World Bank | ECC reviews unemployment of reneging on pledge

TUNIS (Agencies) — A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (FLO) official accused the World Bank Monday of failing to provide funds it had promised the PLO to help launch Palestini in self-rule.

PLO Executive Committee member Mohammad Zuhdi Nashashibi said the PLO was ready to transfer 3,000 officials to the occurried Gaza Strip and est Bank town of Jericho to implement Palestinian self-

But he attacked the World Bank for not putting up the funds it had promised for building an infrastructure in Gaza and Jericho, and said the PLO's financial crisis had hampered preparations for auton-

"If we have to we will stay in tents," he said, adding the most important thing was "to respond to our people's hopes

for independence."

Thousands of PLO officials are anxiously awaiting the final signature on a deal launching Palestinian self-rule, and the chance to start administering Gaza and Jericho.

But senior officials accused PLO leaders of keeping them in the dark about the timetable for the return of the 3,000 currently based in the PLO seadquarters in Tunis.

"We are awaiting the hour of our return impatiently, but for the moment we have not been told of any decision, or given any instructions to sort our affairs," said one offi-

Mr. Nashashibi said timetables and detailed plans would be announced "when the time is right to avoid any disorder or confusion."

But another official said the ?LO was being cautious to avoid any repetition of the

in the occupied territories.

disappointment felt after the Israeli withdrawal failed to start on Dec. 13.

legation to economic talks with

"Israelis will be able to in-

vest in the exchange if they

want," said Mr. Gordin follow-

ing the Paris negotiations

which led to Friday's signing

of an agreement on the econo-

the risks and maybe to prefer

Gaza city bonds over Israeli

be incorporated in the overall agreement which Prime Minis-

ter Yitzhak Rabin and PLO

Chairman Yasser Arafat are

set to sign in Cairo on Wednes-

Under the economic deal,

the Palestinians will have "the

authorities, powers and re-

sponsibilities regarding the regulation and supervision of

capital activities... including the licensing of capital market

institutions, finance companies

Oved Ben Ozer, chairman of the union of Tel Aviv stock

exchange brokers, said there

was no reason why Israelis should not invest in Palestinian

companies.
"The international commun-

ity will give more than \$2

billion for autonomy and the

Palestinians have a pool of

cheap labour as well as capital

among those living abroad.

That should enable strong eco-

"But everything will depend on the political conditions.

Without a minimum of calm

and political stability invest-

ments will not be forthcom-

ing."
But Mr. Ben Ozer cautioned

that it would take time to

launch an exchange. "The

Palestinians will need time to

create the right conditions for a

Egyptians

celebrate

CAIRO (R) - Millions of

Egyptians went to the country-

side or to the banks of the Nile

on Monday to celebrate

Shamm Al Nassim, an ancient

and mysterious spring festival observed by Muslims and

Hundreds of thousands

flocked to Cairo zoo or took

their picnic baskets to the pub-

lic gardens around the Qanatir

Al Khairaiya, a series of irriga-

for "smelling the breeze,"

shares some of the pagan sym-

bolism of the European Eas-

ter, especially the custom of

painting eggs for children. People also eat onions, let-

tuce green freshly picked

chick-peas and a heavily salted

Egyptians say the festival

has its origins in Pharaonic

times but the date is tied to the

calendar of the Coptic Ortho-

dox Church. It is the day after

The authorities announced

special traffic arrangements for

the mass exodus from Cairo

and said they were deploying

more police to prevent crimin-

als taking advantage of the

They said hospitals were on

alert for cases of fiseekh

poisoning — a regular hazard

At least eight people died

and scores were critically ill

after eating fiseekh in 1991.

been touring the markets for

days, confiscating dozens of

tonnes of fiseekh which they

decided not fit-for human con-

Government newspapers

took the occasion of Easter

and Shamm Al Nassim to sing

the virtues of "national unity"

the political codeword for

harmony between the Muslims

and the Copts, who make up

about 10 per cent of the

Christians are of one stock,

part of the same social fabric,

all are brothers in their love of

Egypt," the minister of reli-

Mahgoub, said on Sunday.

ious affairs. Mohammad Ali

One version of the festival's

origin says it take the name

shamm from the name of a

season in the language of

ancient Egypt. The "breeze"

part was added after Arabs

conquered the country in the

seventh century.

"Egypt's Muslims and

Government inspectors have

fish called fiseekh.

Easter Sunday.

of the festival.

crowds.

sumption.

population.

Shamm Al Nassim, Arabic

tion dams north of Cairo.

spring

festival

Christians alike.

real economic take-off."

nomic growth," he said.

and investment funds."

The economic accord will

"It's up to them to evaluate

mic aspects of self-rule.

"Until the accord with Israel is a hard fact. PLO leaders don't want to risk another shock like Dec. 13," he said.

Then several families had already been given the go-ahead to leave Tunis and were left stranded for the winter, having given up their homes and sold their furniture.

Mr. Nashashibi, who is vice president of the Palestinian Economic Council for Development and Reconstruction (PECDR), said the Palesti-nians had created adequate structures and were sufficiently competent to manage self-rule.

There has been a flurry of activity in recent weeks at the offices of Fateh, the main PLO

All PLO staff have filled out forms giving their names and status as well as details of their political affiliations, professional qualifications and where they would prefer to be sent back to.

Since March 17 Fatch leaders have been analysing the questionnaires, to designate staff and administrators to the autonomous areas, said Fateh official Abbas Zaki.

Stock exchange planned

The Palestinians will be allowed to set up their own stock exchange as part of Strip and Jericho, an Israeli official said Monday.

The Palestinian authority or the town of Gaza will be able to issue bonds while private companies could offer shares quoted on a stock exchange similar to the one in Tel Aviv," said Arik Gordin, spokesman for the Israeli de-

NEWS IN BRIEF

Wife savs Arafat never gives her iewels

CAIRO (AFP) - Palestine leader Yasser Araft's wife Suha

complained that her husband lives like "a bachelor" and has

never given her any valuable presents, such as jewellery. "He

still lives like a bachelor. He has his bedroom, and I have

mine. We live as if we were separated," she told the Egyptian

daily Al Akhbar. Suha Tawil, who is in her thirties, married

the 64-year-old Arafat two years ago. She told the paper her

even on special occasions." When I complain of being

neglected, he offers me souvenirs, and symbols of the

Palestinian revolution. "Of course we argue, but we make up immediately afterwards." She added that "when it comes to

women, he is a gentleman." Suha revealed she has to wait

antil "three or four o'clock in the morning" to talk to her

husband, who is so overwhelmed with his political activities

that "he hasn't even got time for a shave every morning." Mrs.

Arafat said Hillary Clinton, wife of U.S. President Bill

Clinton, was her model as a first lady. Asked about her dearest

wish. Suba said: "Of course it is the establishment of a

Palestinian state." She said: "I hope it will come true in five

years" after the planned interim Palestinian autonomy period

STOCKHOLM (AFP) — Iraq will close its embassy in Stockholm in mid-May as a result of cost-cutting measures by

the Baghdad government, the Swedish daily Svenska Dagb-

ladet (SVD) reported Monday. The Swedish foreign ministry confirmed Monday that it had received notification of the

closure. According to SVD, it is the United Nations' current

trade embargo on Iraq that is forcing the closure. Iraq is

expected to close 15 of its embassies in the near future, many

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran's spiritual leader, Ayatollah Ali

Khamenei, received Vietnamese President Le Duc Anh and

praised his nation's former struggle against the United States

in the Vietnam war, the Islamic Republic News Agency

reported. IRNA said the Vietnamese leader expressed the

desire to "bring a new phase" in Iranian-Vietnamese relations

after meeting Mr. Rafsanjani Sunday to discuss political,

technical and trade cooperation. "No doubt, the two countries

with the exchange of their valuable experience can be useful to

each other in the period of their reconstructions," Mr.

Rafsanjani was quoted as saying. Malian President Alfa Omar

Connaret left Tehran Monday as the latest in a string of

foreign leaders seeking to boost ties with Iran, IRNA said. Mr.

Rafsanjani accepted an invitation to visit the West African

state, according to IRNA. The agency did not give a date for

KUWAIT (AP) — A former official pocketed more than \$7

million in illegal kickbacks on purchases for the state-run

Kuwaiti Oil Tanker Company (KOTC), according to an audit

bureau report published Monday. The report said the audit bureau had evidence that KOTC Director Abdul Fatah Al

Bader received \$7.2 million for the purchase of two old

tankers July 1989. The money went into a personal bank

account and represented 10 per cent of the value of the tankers

Bubiyan and Jabriya. Mr. Bader is on trial for embezzlement

of public money from the KOTC. He fled Kuwait before the

case went to court in January. His whereabouts are not

known. The report by the emirate's financial watchdog,

published in Al Siyassaha newspaper, did not say where the oil

tankers were built. The report was prepared at the request of

parliament, which is looking into the country's investments

and management of public money. The report said KOTC

incurred a \$58.8 million loss in the purchase of the two

tankers. They were in bad shape and the company had to sell

Turkish Golden Horn bridge restored

ISTANBUL (AFP) — Turkey's 80-yer-old Galata Bridge

spanning the Golden Horn at Istanbul has been restored at a

cost of more than \$4.6 million after being destroyed by fire in

1992. The refurbished structure is located a few kilometres

from the site of the original bridge. The first two-storey

bridge, with restaurants and cafes on one level, was commis-

sioned by the Ottoman empire in 1912 from the German

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them less than a year after they were purchased.

builders MAN at a cost of 250,000 gold pieces.

Kuwaiti pocketed \$7m in kickbacks

Vietnam, Mali to boost ties with Iran

Trag to close embassy in Sweden

of them in Western Europe, SVD said.

Mr. Rafsanjani's planned visit.

end had never offered her jewels or valuable t

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali on Monday chaired a meeting for the Economic Consultative Council (ECC), which discussed the problem of unemployment and means of solving it as provided for in the 1993-97 five-year development plan. Council member Awni Al Masri presented a paper at the meeting on the educational policies in Jordan. Dr. Maiali noted that the government had sented to the Lower House of Parliament draft laws on higher education and the Applied Sciences University. The council also discussed the issue of foreign workforce in Jordan. Labour Minister Khaled Ghzawi said the government had set up a ministerial committee to follow up the issue, pointing that 45,000 foreign workers have valid work permits, while the rest work in the Kingdom

German giant pledges to help self-rule

illegally.

STUTTGART, Germany (Agencies) — The boss of Germany's biggest industrial conglomerate Daimler-Benz on Monday pledged the giant group's economic aid to a fledgling Palestinian state.

Daimler-Benz Chairman Edzard Reuter was having talks in Stuttgart, where the group has its headquarters, with Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat whom he had invited for a brief visit to Germany. Mr. Reuter said he and Mr.

Arafat agreed to develop economic cooperation and crossborder infrastructure going beyond the Palestinian territories to involve Israel, Syria, Lebanon and Jordan. The Daimler-Benz boss said:

"We do not simply have a passive interest in the peaceful development of the Middle East countries, we want to be a part of this process. We will do everything

possible to help improve the living and working conditions of the people in the region." Mr. Arafat arrived in Stuttgart on Monday after he and other top officials of his Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), meeting in Tunis late Sunday, accepted an accord with Israel for Palestinian autonomy in the Gaza Strip

Mr. Arafat and Israeli Premier Yitzhak Rabin are scheduled to sign the accord in Cairo Wednesday, although the PLO leader indicated Monday that some points were still

and Jericho.

outstanding.

He said he hoped to hammer these out in Cairo Tuesday with Rabin, observing that it "takes two to tango" but that "where there's a will there's a

The PLO leader stressed that Palestinian infrastructure had been totally destroyed in the struggle with Israel and it 4was necessary to "start from zero." Children, who consti-, tuted the future of Palestine, were a priority, he said.

Mr. Arafat also stressed the cultural and social sectors. Of his visit to Daimler-Benz. he said: "This type of active involvement by foreign com-panies is vital to our future

The PLO leader also called for regional cooperation at the Mediterranean level, and stressed that the lands concerned were holy for the Christian, Jewish and Muslim religions. Mr. Reuter said that Daimler-Benz was going to launch a programme for

junction with the U.N. The Daimler-Benz boss also presented his guest with an integrated transport plan for the present and future Palestine, produced by a group consulting company.

Palestinian children in con-

Mr. Arafat was given a tour of the company's headquarters where he viewed products from Mercedes-Benz vehicles to helicopters and rail equipment.

The company sent a private jet to Tunisia to pick up Mr. Arafat. He and a group of political and economic advisers were driven from Stuttgart airport into the city in a convoy of 17 armoured Mercedes limousines, with police helicopters keeping watch. About 100 police with bomb-sniffing

dogs guarded the meeting site. Mr. Arafat and Mr. Reuter discussed a wide number of possible projects, including transport, energy, and communications, the company

Moves under way to to 'institutionalise' Jordan's peace talks

By Nermeen Murad Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — With a cabinet change or a major reshuffle in the cards after Parliament's current extraordinary session, measures are being considered to "institutionalise" Jordan's negotiations process to ensure continuity in the negotiations after an expected change of hands, official sources said Monday.

Ibrahim Badran, advisor at the Prime Ministry and former secretary general of the ministries of trade and industry and energy, has been tipped as "general coordinator" of the Middle East peace talks file in a move seen as "institutionalising" the negotiations process and delinking it from any possible change in government or ministerial portfolios.__ The yet unannounced

sion to move the "negotiations file" from the Prime Ministry to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, a senior source said. The task of the new office at the Foreign Ministry, which will be guided by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the head of the committee overseeing the work of the Jordanian negotiating delega-tions, "is to improve the coordination level among the diffe-

appointment came after a deci-

rent negotiating teams."
Well-informed sources said that the new office has been

supplied with facilities and resources to fund its research operations.

firmed the move said it was only "routine," but other sources maintain that there were "complaints" over gaps in coordination work among the different negotiating teams to the bilateral and multilateral

the Jordan Times that there had been complaints that "the negotiations process has become dependent on a few people and that the lack of coordination between them affected the overall Jordanian position in the negotiations." "At time statements from

the different negotiators appeared contradictory because of the personalised na-ture of how the details of the negotiations were coordin-

ly supervised by Prime Minis-Anani.

But "there was a clear need to give a structure to the whole negotiations procedure under one independent central office so that it would not be hampered or affected by an impending change in government or portfolios."

One senior official who con-

A well-informed source told

ated," one source said.
Until this move the "nego-

tiations file," as it is referred to by the sources, has been largeter Abdul Salam Majali and Minister of State for Prime Ministry Affairs Jawad Al'

People flee Bangladesh coast as cyclone nears .

CHITTAGONG, Bangladesh (Agencies) — Hundreds of thousands of people fled coastal Bangladesh on Monday as a cyclone with winds up to 210 kilometres per hour threatened the same area where a cyclone

killed 131,000 people in 1991. As high winds and powerful waves lashed the shore, relief boats evacuated some of the seven million people who live on islands and along the 400kilometre coast of the Bay of

Bengal. 900 brick storm shelters that have been built since 1991. But the shelters can only house one million people, so many other residents fled inland from their mud-and-thatch houses on the

Rescue workers rushed through the lowlands using loudspeakers to urge people to move inland to the shelters or school buildings.

Waves were predicted to reach three metres and flood low lying areas with a tidal

Bangladesh, a nation of 120 million people precariously built on river deltas, suffers from ruthless cycles of tropical storms, flooding and drought nearly every year.

More than 350,000 people

reached shelters in Cox's Bazar district, according to its admi-nistrator, Enamul Kabir. Rescue workers hoped to move another 300,000 there by sundown, he said. "The killer is coming

again... stop it, or else we shall all die," said Mohammad Karim, 68, a fisherman who lost nine family members, including his wife, during the 1991 cyclone.

Mr. Karim was jammed into a two-storey shelter with 1,500 other evacuees in Cox's Bazar. a seafront town. "The cyclone took nearly everything from me before. Now it is coming again to take me," he said, crying and beating his chest.

Ghali upholds freedom of press worldwide

AMMAN (J.T.) — The General Assembly adopted a decision on Dec. 28, 1993 designating May 3 as World Press Freedom Day. This year, for the first time, World Press Freedom day will be observed

World Press Freedom Day concerns everyone. It concerns those who live in societies which benefit from a free press, and it concerns those in societies where freedom of the press is absent or incomplete. To that extent that the press

is free, it serves both as the conscience of a nation and as a practical means of achieving good government. A free press exposes corruption. It provides the people with independent and competing opinions. It provides governments with a rich array of policy recommendations.

In the context of such vast significance, the press bears as well a tremendous responsibility. As a reflection of opinion, as a shaper of policies, as a crusader for justice, a free press must recognise the power it wields and rise to the level of responsibility which a free society deserves.

In too many parts of the world, power lies not in the hands of the friends of freedom but with its enemies. The freedom of the press comes only with long, hard and brave support — and when it is achieved it must be defended on a daily basis. With the spread of democracy in recent years, press freedom also has spread to areas of the globe where it had been suppressed for years. In such locations, press freedom remains a fragile achievement. Determination and vigilance are needed to enable a free press to take root and come to full flower in its social and political role.

World Press Freedom Day is more than a day to celebrate the achievement of a free press. It is a call to convey the benefits of freedom of the press across all societies. This day is thus a day to call for press that the cry of the oppressed can be heard around the globe.

As a former journalist, supported the growing world movement toward an independent and pluralistic press. The duty to inform is as important as is the right to know. I extend my best wishes to all who are involved in this, the first World Press Freedom Day — a U.N.

Frenchman wins architecture award

LOS ANGELES (R) ---French architect Christian De Portzamparc, best known for designing the City of Music Academy in a park in suburban Paris, was named winner Monday of the prestigious Pritzker Architecture Prize. Mr. De Portzamparc, 49, is the first Frenchman to win the award since it was set up in 1979 by the Pritzker family's Hyatt Foundation. He will be presented with a \$100,000 grant at. a ceremony in Columbus, Indiana on June 14. "Christian De Portzamparc's new architecture is of our time. bound neither by classicism or modernism," the award's jury said in a statement. "His expanded perceptions and ideas seek answers beyond mere style. He is part of a new generation of French architects who have incorporated the lessons of the beaux arts into an exuberant collage of contemporary architectural idioms, at once bold, colourful and ori-ginal," it said. Most of Mr. De Portzamparc's works are in France, although he recently designed apartment buildings in the Japanese city of Fukoukh. He has no works in the United States. Together with 1984 winner Richard Meier, Mr. De Portzamparc is the youngest winner of the Pritzker Award. His first commission was in 1971 for a water tower in a Paris dormitory town. He modelled it on the Tower of Babel and covered it with fine mesh open trellis work that supports climbing plants. Since then he has built numerous housing developments and music-related projects. The City of Music is one of the so-called "grand projects" of French President Francois Mitterrand aimed at spurring an architectural renaissance in his country.

Ford stands by decision to pardon Nixon

VAIL, Colo. (AP) — Former U.S. President Gerald Ford says he's still convinced he helped the country by pardoning Richard Nixon, his White ruse predec right when I made the decision in September of 1974, and I'm more convinced today that it was the right decision for the country as a whole," Mr. Ford said in a telephone interview with the Vail (Colo.) daily newspaper. Mr. Ford lives in nearby Beaver Creek. Mr. Nixon, who died last month, was the only U.S. president to resign. He quit after the 1972 break-ins at the Watergate apartment complex in Washington unleashed a scandal over harassment of his political opponents, taped telephone conversations and obstructing investigators. Mr. Nixon faced certain impeachment when he resigned on Aug. 9, 1974. Mr. Ford issued his unprecedented pardon a month later. "It would have been a long, tortnous process - the indictment, the trial, probably a conviction on some counts, an appeal," said Mr. Ford. "That would have taken two, three, maybe four years. That would only have exacerbated the unrest and the domestic trouble here in the United States. And the only way to get the whole problem off my desk in the Oval Office, the only way for me to concentrate 100 per cent of my time on the problems of 240 million Americans, was to grant the

'Herpes drug lengthens AIDS patients lives'

SYDNEY (R) — High doses of the drug Acyclovir, used to treat herpes, significantly stretch the survival of AIDS sufferers, according to a study by one of Australia's leading centres fighting the disease. A 1992 study of outpatient clinics in 16 hospitals in Australia and Europe revealed that Acyclovir could increase the survival time of people with acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) when compared with a similar group of patients who took placebos. "The study has shown that Acyclovir can extend life by around six months, a significant advantage in this serious disease," David Cooper, director of the National Centre in HIV Epidemiology and Clinical Research at the University of New South Wales, said Monday. The Australian government's health department is considering licensing Acyclovir as a therapeutic drug in the fight against AIDS, Dr. Cooper said.

Palestinians jubilant over eased Jordanian regulations

By Sana Atiyeh Special to the Jordan Times SOUTH SHUNEH — Jihad

Seid, 28, was waiting for this day when he could freely come into Jordan to visit his brother without the usual bureaucratic red tape of having to acquire an entry permit from the Jordanian author-

Mr. Seid, from the West Bank town of Jericho, came into Jordan for the first time in his life on Sunday, the day the Kingdom implemented a decision to ease restrictions on Palestinians from the occupied territories crossing into the country over the King Hussein bridge.
As or Sunday, Palestinians

from the occupied territories, particularly men aged be-tween 26 and 36, no longer need entry permits and are now allowed unlimited residency in the Kingdom.

"When I heard about the new regulations, I decided to try and come to see my brother," said Mr. Seid, as he waited at the King Hussein Bridge arrival terminal for

passport clearance.
"It only took me 15 minutes to get through this time," said Wael Nofal, 34. "I did not need the entry permit to come to Jordan.

Mr. Nofal, a citrus fruit trader from the West Bank town of Kalkilia, told the Jordan Times as he was leaving the terminal to find a ride to Amman that he needed an entry permit the first three times he crossed into Jordan this year, and that it took him at least one hour to pass through the passport control. "Just waiting for the per-

mit sometimes delayed my

work for weeks," said Mr.

Nofal. "The easing of these regulations will make life and business much easier from

Last week, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan issued instructions to ease restrictions on Palestinians coming to Jordan from the occupied territories. After the Kingdom's 1988

severence of legal and administrative ties with the West Bank, which was under Jordanian rule when Israel seized the territories in 1967, Amman introduced restrictions mainly to ensure that the young men did not flee their homeland because of difficult economic conditions under occupation. They were not allowed to

overstay a one-month visit to Jordan, and were prohibited from returning to the Kingdom if they violated any of the conditions for their stay. "The earlier measures

were aimed at consolidating Palestinian steadfastness in the occupied territories and blocking Israeli plans of pushing Palestinians from their homeland," Minister of Interior Salameh Hammad told the Jordan News Agency, Petra, on Friday, adding that these measures were no longer feasible.

The easing of restrictions now allows Palestinians unlimited residencies as long as their Israeli return permits remained valid. Palestinians who were banned from visiting Jordan for violating rules have also been pardoned and can return to the country. In addition, Palestinian women married to Jordanian men are now allowed to live with their husbands in the Kingdom.

In line with the new regulations, the follow-up and in-

spections department on Monday also began returning passports which were seized as a guarantee for the return of the West Bank Palesti-

nians (see page 3).
At the bridge terminal, Mr. Nofal said he did not fill the usual forms which previously required Palestinian visitors to answer a host of questions on the purpose of their visit and their residency status. "The policeman only asked me a few questions, and that was it," he explained

Bridge officials said there were no orders to issue new arrival forms. Mr. Hammad has said that

Jordan was ready to keep its bridges open 18 hours a day. "We are ready to open 24 hours a day," said a bridge officer on condition of anonymity. "But that depends on whether the Israeli side is prepared to keep its side of the bridge open."

Israel closes the bridges to Palestinians returning home at 1:30 p.m., and to those coming into Jordan later in the afternoon. On Saturdays, the Israeli authorities close the bridges completely and close at 9:30 a.m. on Fridays.

However, the bridges open longer hours during the summer when many Palestinians travel between the East and West Bank.

"We are very pleased with the new measures," said Mansour Shawa, a prominent Gaza personality and president of the Benevolent Society for the Gaza Strip.

We have been urging Jordan for some time to adopt such measures which could

(Continued on page 2)

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